

Staff talks to military reporters 10 rebels' move southern Bekaa explain attacks

OSHUA BRILLIANT
at Defence Reporter

V. — The PLO rebels who have since moved to the Syrian-controlled Bekaa valley, that may have contributed to the recent increase in attacks in the eastern sector of Staff Rav-Aluf Moshe yesterday.

Using military reporters, he said that this week alone there had been three attacks in the sector. The latest incidents occurred yesterday.

He also disclosed that the establishment has been considering various options for changing Israeli policy in the area. He did not give details but did not confirm — nor deny withdrawal from Sidon was considered.

Proposals will be presented to the Minister Moshe Arens possibly to the cabinet. The topics considered were the Awali bridges should one be considering

preventing all movement, he stressed.

Much of the civilian activity is based on contacts with the north and that cannot be discontinued, Levy explained. But southern Lebanon is full of arms and there is a danger that they could be used for attacks in Tel Aviv. "Certainly we should not take that risk," he stressed.

The chief of staff rejected criticism of the navy's shelling of the Tripoli coast, even though it did not prevent the evacuation of Arafat and his 4,000 loyalists.

It was wrong to belittle it, Levy said. "There never had been an option of preventing (Arafat's) departure and there had been no such plan."

To prevent Arafat's departure, Israel would have had to bomb the roads — to prevent his departure through Syrian territory.

Alternatively, Arafat could have been evacuated on board a French helicopter. Israel, Levy noted, could have shot down the helicopter, "but from my point of

(Continued on back page)

Lebanese soldier killed, 2 hurt in central Lebanon ambush

ENAHM HOROWITZ
Jerusalem Post Reporter

L.A. — One Israeli soldier and two were wounded when their patrol was ambushed south of the central sector of Lebanon.

A remote-controlled bomb exploded harmlessly yesterday near Kufri Amrit in the eastern sector. Security forces searched the area and are trying to establish whether the bomb was the work of local terrorists or infiltrators from Syrian-controlled territory. This was the third such incident in as many days in this sector and follows several months of relative quiet.

In Sidon over the past several days there have been about six unidentified explosions.

The PLO news agency Wafa said in Beirut that an explosive charge was detonated yesterday morning near the village of Asik in the eastern Bekaa. According to Wafa, Israeli soldiers were either killed or wounded and Israeli war planes flew over the area.

Israel Defence Forces units at the scene of the ambush launched a search. The area was cordoned off and a house-to-house search for the terrorists.

It is the second time that an ambush in this loca-

Ali predicts 'far-reaching' progress in Arab relations

(AP) — Butros Ghali, in minister of state for foreign affairs, said in an interview yesterday that 1984 will see "far-reaching developments" in diplomatic ties between Egypt and Arab countries. He told the weekly magazine

Akher Sa'a that PLO chief Yasser Arafat's meeting with President Hosni Mubarak last week was "the opening of a new era in Egyptian-Arab relations."

The PLO and 17 Arab states severed ties with Egypt following its peace treaty with Israel in 1979. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

US says it will withdraw from UNESCO

(Reuters) — The U.S. has told the Paris-based United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) it intends to withdraw from the organization, sources said yesterday. Sources said the U.S. Ambassador to UNESCO, Jean Gerard, told UNESCO Director-General

Amadou Mahtar M'bow a letter yesterday containing the U.S. decision. The sources said it would be announced in Washington today.

Last weekend, reports from Washington said the State Department had recommended to President Ronald Reagan that the U.S. withdraw from the 161-nation organization.



Pensioners queue at the post office in Jerusalem's Mahane Yehuda neighbourhood yesterday to receive their National Insurance payments (Scoop-80)

But postal workers return Sanctions widen in government ministries

By AARON SITTNER,
CHARLES HOFFMAN
and JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporters

While Minister of Labour and Social Affairs Aharon Uzan is for the time being to refrain from issuing back-to-work orders to his ministry staff, Interior Ministry workers are today launching the first in a series of sanctions to protest against alleged "job grade bias."

The country's 4,500 postal workers returned to work yesterday after temporary back-to-work orders were issued.

Eilat was paralyzed for six hours by a general strike. (See story Page 2.)

Passports, visas, birth certificates, identity cards and other documents issued by Interior Ministry offices will be unavailable "until further notice" beginning this morning.

Charging that the Civil Service Commission has turned a deaf ear "for more than 16 months" to their demands for grade parity, the ministry's national works committee warned yesterday that non-issuance of the important documents, suspension of planning committee functions with the local authorities and refusal to answer telephone calls from outside their offices will continue "until we see

some response to our just demands."

Among those demands is an equalization in job grades for Interior Ministry workers who perform duties similar to those of employees in other government offices. For example, passport-office clerks are assigned lower grades on the Civil Service "uniform pay scale" than auto-licensing clerks at the Transport Ministry.

Referring to the 21-rung civil-service job-grade "ladder," an Interior Ministry staff committee spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* yesterday: "More than half of our people are below grade 16, while at other ministries that portion ranges from 28 to 40 per cent."

Labour and Social Affairs Director-General Asher Ohayon said last night that Uzan is waiting to see if the Ministerial Economic Committee, which will meet on Sunday after the cabinet meeting, can resolve the wage dispute in the ministry. If not, back-to-work orders will be issued to ministry workers whose sanctions have led to the closure of dozens of ministry institutions turning hundreds of needy people out into the streets.

The ministry staff are demanding that their pay be brought up to the level of salaries in the Health (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Senior Egyptian delegation meeting with Shamir today

By DAVID LANDAU
Post Diplomatic Correspondent

A high-ranking Egyptian delegation will hold talks here today with Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and with senior officials at the Foreign Ministry.

The delegation is led by Shafi Abdel-Hamid, one of the three assistant secretaries of state at the Foreign Ministry in Cairo. He is the highest-level Egyptian official to visit Israel since the recall of the ambassador for consultations in the autumn of 1982.

The talks here will be the second stage of a dialogue opened in Cairo last month by Foreign Ministry Director-General David Kimche, and the ministry's legal adviser.

Israeli sources said Shamir and Kimche were likely to reiterate — but without overly belabouring — Israel's criticism of the Mubarak-Arafat meeting in Cairo last week.

The Israeli side would also air its dissatisfaction over the withering of normalization, the continued absence of the Egyptian ambassador from Tel Aviv, the decline in trade, the dearth of Egyptian tourists, the lack of cultural ties and the frequent assaults on Israel in the Egyptian news media.

The Egyptian diplomats, for their part, are likely to dwell on the issue of Lebanon and the situation in the administered territories. Possibly, too, they will press for progress on resolving the Tabah border dispute. Israeli sources were careful

yesterday not to encourage far-reaching expectations from Abdel-Hamid's brief visit (he flies home tomorrow).

Well-placed observers surmised that the timing of this visit — just a few days after the Mubarak-Arafat meeting and the Israeli indignation it engendered — was no accident.

"They (the Egyptians) are fine diplomats," one observer said. "They know how to maximize their opportunities."

If the visit succeeds, at least in sustaining a high-level political dialogue with Israel, Cairo will be able to claim — with much justice — that the Mubarak-Arafat meeting enhanced its position in the Arab world without harming its relations with Israel.

Wolf Blitzer writes from Washington: The U.S. administration has sought to reassure Israel about its decision to welcome last week's meeting between Arafat and Mubarak.

Under-Secretary of State for Political Affairs Lawrence Eagleburger told ambassador Meir Rosenne on Tuesday that Egypt could also be expected to take some concrete steps to improve ties with Israel.

Israeli officials quoted Eagleburger as having said that Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali last week had made such a promise during his talks in Washington.

Settlement-freeze bid stirs political furore

Shamir asks Herut backing for Orgad

Jerusalem Post Staff

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir has called an urgent meeting of Herut cabinet ministers today in advance of tomorrow's cabinet meeting, following the ferment yesterday in the coalition around proposals to freeze settlement activity and cut a range of social services. The prime minister will demand support for Finance Minister Yigal Cohen-Orgad's new economic programme.

Today's meeting of Herut ministers is instead of a planned meeting of the Herut executive, including the ministers.

Shamir will point out the danger of a coalition crisis, illustrated by statements yesterday from Tehiya and Tami in response to Cohen-Orgad's proposals of a settlement freeze in Judea and Samaria and abolition of free high-school.

The Labour Party bureau is not holding its weekly meeting today, but the Alignment leadership is closely watching the economic situation and the resulting coalition crisis.

Shamir phoned Cohen-Orgad yesterday afternoon after a Finance Ministry spokesman told economic correspondents that settlement budgets for Judea and Samaria would be slashed next year.

Cohen-Orgad reportedly reassured Shamir that his budget proposals envisaged a cut in all government ministries according to a set of priorities that would still give settlement high importance.

Before this, Science and Development Minister Yuval Ne'eman, the Tehiya leader, told reporters in the Knesset dining room that his party could not stay in the coalition if settlement in the administered areas was stopped.

Yisrael Harel, chairman of the Council of Jewish Settlements and Towns in Judea, Samaria and Gaza said that the proposals were ideological and political suicide by the government.

While details of the treasury proposals are still far from clear, observers have pointed out that cutting the establishment of new settlements by itself does not imply any major savings. Government expenditure over the past year in Judea and Samaria, excluding the defence budget, is estimated at some \$200 million. Most of this is investment in infrastructure, approved in budgets which span several years and cannot be easily halted.

Appearing as guest of Israel Television's *Moked* programme last night, Deputy Prime Minister David Levy said he will back Cohen-Orgad's economic proposals but with one reservation: under no circumstances would he — Levy — tolerate use of deliberately conceived unemployment as an instrument to attain a desired economic result.

"I've been unemployed and I know what it feels like," he said. Levy admitted that the Shamir government has lost popular support as a result of the ongoing economic crisis.

Arafat okays Palestinian action plan

SANAA, North Yemen (Reuters) — PLO chief Yasser Arafat, who arrived here on Monday after his evacuation from north Lebanon, yesterday approved a military plan for future Palestinian action, his aides announced without giving details.

They said the plan had been worked out by Arafat and four Palestinian military commanders after two days of meetings here.

Arafat signed the plan in his capacity as commander-in-chief of Palestinian forces and ordered its immediate implementation, his aides said.

They gave no details of the plan

By AVI TEMKIN
Post Economic Reporter

Finance Minister Yigal Cohen-Orgad's 1984-85 state-budget proposals yesterday caused a furore in the coalition, even though he is not due to submit them to the cabinet until tomorrow. What particularly irked some coalition members is that, in addition to expected cuts in education and other areas, the budget proposals envisioned a temporary freeze on the building of new settlements in Israel and the administered areas.

The Treasury wishes to freeze all large construction projects including the building of new settlements, it was learned yesterday. In addition, it wishes to replace free secondary education with a progressive tuition-fee system.

The projected freeze extends to the building of new highways, including the completion of Tel Aviv's Ayalon project: the building of new hospitals and the expansion of existing ones; the Tel Aviv sewage system; irrigation projects and possibly the Mediterranean-Dead Sea canal project.

The planned measures are part of the economic policy for 1984, which is being prepared by the Finance Ministry as part of the government budget for the coming fiscal year.

The budget draft does not contain plans for new taxes, but is built on the assumption of a 7 to 8 per cent drop in the standard of living and a 12 per cent erosion in real wages.

The ministry announced yesterday that Cohen-Orgad is to ask the cabinet tomorrow to approve the general framework of the budget, but not its details. According to the ministry, each ministry will be able

to keep to the budget, as long as the spending limits approved are respected.

The ministry's announcement came after reports of the proposed freeze on settlements reached members of the coalition, who rushed to ask Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir to intervene against such steps.

Shamir then asked Cohen-Orgad to clarify that the new measures only represent proposals, and that the cabinet will be asked tomorrow to vote on the framework, leaving the details for future deliberations.

This was interpreted by coalition members like MK Gula Cohen as a sign that there are no intentions of freezing settlement activity. But a senior source at the Finance Ministry told *The Jerusalem Post* that each of the steps reported is in fact contained in Cohen-Orgad's budget draft.

"The minister prepared only one budget draft, and if someone were to leave an item untouched, he would have to propose where to cut instead," the source added.

At tomorrow's cabinet session Cohen-Orgad is to raise only the budget's general principles, but there is no certainty about the behaviour of other ministers, who could raise the question of "problematic" cuts.

Cohen-Orgad is expected to explain to the cabinet that in the coming months the rate of devaluation and the hikes in controlled prices will closely follow the rate of inflation. Although the Treasury has not said what it expects the pace of price increases to be, economic observers are predicting a 300 per cent rate in 1984.

Cohen-Orgad's plans are meeting with criticism not only on political grounds, but on economic ones as well. Some ministers led by Labour and Social Affairs Minister Aharon (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Proposed budget cuts blasted

Jerusalem Post Staff

Education and Culture Minister Zevulun Hammer yesterday led a chorus of condemnations against the reported Finance Ministry proposals for extensive budget cuts, which also include a plan to reintroduce high-school tuition fees.

Hammer strongly condemned the proposal in a statement issued by the ministry, and is expected to fight it strenuously. Free secondary-school education was introduced by Hammer in 1978 and is regarded as perhaps his main achievement as minister.

The National Parents Association decided last night to hold protest meetings of parents and children at schools next Thursday against the proposed elimination of free high-school education, the school levy, the non-hiring of substitute teachers and the proposed IS\$ billion cut in next year's education budget.

On another issue, Tel Aviv Mayor Shlomo Lahat said yesterday that freezing the Netivim Ayalon Highway project would constitute a severe blow to the city, whose traffic problems are increasing all the time. He added, however, that he would accept such a decision with "understanding" despite the pain involved.

Regarding proposed cuts in health care, the Histadrut nurses

The writing on the wall

וזה הלכות למע
הבדים והזנים
סיפור תנאים
ותנאים וזו
אברהם אבינו
שומר בנות הוריו
העליון נעל



Inscription over door of Jewish-owned house in the Old City of Jerusalem, which was plastered over by Arab occupiers of the building, and only uncovered during recent renovations by Jews who have recently returned to the place. Abraham Rabinovich looks at the controversial return of Jews to another part of the Old City of Jerusalem.

AND MORE: David Krivine meets banker Ernst Japhet. D'vora Ben Shaul learns about the Jews of Germany. Wolf Blitzer charts the Reagan attitude towards Yasser Arafat. Yosef Goell learns that the 'Gang of Four' is of more than one mind about the Liberal Party's future. Haim Shapiro serves up a simmering soup. Sheldon Teitelbaum dispels some illusions about Orwell's '1984'. Uri Rapp sees Haifa's Shakespeare production. And Martha Meisels samples some exotic fruit.

All in tomorrow's
Weekend Edition of
THE JERUSALEM POST
ORDER YOUR COPY TODAY



How to make sure you place your classified advertisement in time for tomorrow's *Haluach* Hehadash: Just take your ad to any advertising agency, or to an office of Ma'ariv or Ha'aretz (or call 03-439380) and it will run in Hebrew in those papers. Hand it in early enough to make sure it reaches the office of *Haluach* Hehadash before 5 p.m. — your ad will then appear in English in the *Jerusalem Post*. Today's is the final day — eat that deadline!

Pentagon report on Marine bombing in Beirut Calls for 'alternative means' to attain U.S. goals in Lebanon

Jerusalem Post Correspondent
and Agencies

WASHINGTON. — A Defence Department investigation into the suicide bombing that killed 241 U.S. servicemen in Beirut in October said yesterday that there is an "urgent need" to review the entire U.S. military mission, to see if "alternative means" can be found to achieve U.S. goals in Lebanon.

The five-member commission, headed by retired admiral Robert Long, found that major flaws in virtually the entire military chain of command resulted in the security

failure.

The commission said that by concentrating so many U.S. troops in one building, the Marine commanders had foolishly created a "lucrative target" for terrorist attacks.

In addition, it said, the Marines were ill-prepared to analyze and understand the extensive intelligence reports that had warned of terrorist assaults, especially after the April bombing of the U.S. Embassy in Beirut.

Probably most damaging, the report noted that while many new

precautions have been taken to beef up security, the Marines are still vulnerable to additional terrorist attacks.

The commission proposed that the administration come up with new diplomatic initiatives to ease the situation in Lebanon and not to rely on military solutions.

President Reagan, before leaving for California on Tuesday, preempted the report's release by accepting full responsibility for the security mishap. He made clear he would oppose any additional punishment of U.S. officers.

The report leaves open possible courts martial for commanders who were accused of having failed to take adequate security precautions in the days leading up to the bombing.

But while legal action is still possible, Reagan's aides made it clear that he would pardon any officer found guilty of having erred. Reagan said the officers had already suffered enough.

In its findings, the Pentagon report was similar to a congressional sub-committee report released last week.

The weather at major Swissair destinations

| City | 28.12.83 | 29.12.83 | 30.12.83 |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| AMSTERDAM | 5-11 | 10-20 | Cloudy |
| BRUSSELS | 8-12 | 12-20 | Cloudy |
| CHICAGO | 24-28 | 27-36 | Clear |
| COPENHAGEN | 14-18 | 7-18 | Clear |
| FRANKFURT | 7-15 | 7-15 | Clear |
| GENEVA | 3-7 | 7-15 | Clear |
| HONG KONG | 22-28 | 22-28 | Clear |
| JOHANNESBURG | 17-23 | 23-30 | Cloudy |
| LONDON | 12-14 | 14-18 | Clear |
| MADRID | 11-12 | 12-14 | Cloudy |
| MONTREAL | 0-3 | 16-21 | Clear |
| NEW YORK | -1-1 | 1-10 | Snow |
| OSLO | -1-1 | 1-10 | Cloudy |
| PARIS | 7-15 | 11-18 | Clear |
| RIO DE JANEIRO | 18-24 | 24-30 | Cloudy |
| SAO PAULO | 17-22 | 22-28 | Cloudy |
| STOCKHOLM | -1-1 | 1-10 | Cloudy |
| TOKYO | 1-7 | 8-15 | Clear |
| TORONTO | -1-1 | 1-10 | Cloudy |
| VIENNA | 5-11 | 7-15 | Clear |
| ZURICH | 2-8 | 7-15 | Cloud |

For the latest weather conditions, consult Swissair

Offices in Israel:
Tel Aviv: 41 Ben Yehuda St. (03) 2432 50
Jerusalem: 30 Jaffa St. (02) 2252 33
Haifa: 2 Saa Road (04) 84655

swissair

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Partially cloudy

| City | Yesterday | Today | Max | Min |
|-------------|-----------|-------|-----|-----|
| Jerusalem | 10 | 15-16 | 16 | 10 |
| Golan | 9 | 12-13 | 13 | 9 |
| Nabatyia | 7 | 12-13 | 13 | 7 |
| Safad | 7 | 12-13 | 13 | 7 |
| Haifa Port | 6 | 12-19 | 20 | 6 |
| Tiberias | 6 | 11-18 | 19 | 6 |
| Nazareth | 6 | 11-18 | 19 | 6 |
| Yotvata | 6 | 11-18 | 19 | 6 |
| Sharmat | 6 | 11-18 | 19 | 6 |
| Tel Aviv | 6 | 12-18 | 20 | 6 |
| B-G Airport | 6 | 12-20 | 21 | 6 |
| Jericho | 4 | 12-23 | 24 | 4 |
| Gaza | 4 | 12-19 | 20 | 4 |
| Beersheva | 3 | 8-23 | 24 | 3 |
| Eilat | 2 | 8-23 | 24 | 2 |

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

President Chaim Herzog yesterday entertained Carl Kempner, head of the banking firm Thomas Kühn-Loeb of New York, and Mrs. Kempner at lunch. In the evening, the president and Interior and Religious Affairs Minister Yosef Burg attended a dinner in the Knesset's Chagall Hall marking the 60th anniversary of the founding of Jerusalem's Yeshurun Synagogue. They presented Yeshurun's honorary president, Lou Lober, with a parchment scroll.

Gynecologist Shlomo Toaff yesterday was given an award by the Ephrat society for encouraging the Jewish birth rate, at a ceremony attended by Tel Aviv Chief Rabbi Yitzhak Yedidiah Frankel at the Ihud Shavei Zion synagogue.

Moshe Zak, of *Maariv*, will sum up the events of the outgoing year at today's meeting of the Rotary club at the Tel Aviv Hilton at 1:15 p.m.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Bruno Wise, sponsor of the Wise Institute for Software at the Jerusalem ORT School of Engineering, for a series of meetings with the ORT management.

Mr. Hyman Kretzman, chairman of the Ben-Gurion University Foundation, Great Britain, and his wife, Irene.

Giscard here 'to get to know the new Israel'

Former French president Valéry Giscard d'Estaing arrived at Ben-Gurion airport yesterday afternoon with his wife for a two-week private visit. He told reporters at the airport that when he was president of France, he had resolved to visit Israel only if something significant happened towards the achievement of peace in the region; that there had been no such development.

Giscard and his wife will be the guests of French news-media executive Jean Frydman. He is to meet with government and opposition leaders, and may cross into Jordan for a meeting with King Hussein. He said the main purpose of his visit was to "get to know the new Israel and to become acquainted with the source of our civilization." (Itim)

Missing IDF soldier may be held by Jibril

Security sources said last night that IDF soldier Hezi Shai might be held by the terrorist organization of Ahmad Jibril. The sources said that indications were growing that Shai, missing since the early days of the Lebanese war, is being held by Jibril's group. Every effort is being made to locate the other IDF soldiers listed as missing.

Shai's wife was interviewed on Austrian television a few days ago. She said she had not heard anything of her husband. She had appealed to Jibril, Syria and the International Red Cross. She hoped a picture of her daughter, born since Shai went missing, has been delivered to her husband.

His colleagues and the staff of the Veterinary Hospital, Ben-Gurion University offer sincere condolences to Dr. Bud Homans and his family on the loss of his mother

ZELDA

HOME AND WORLD NEWS

High Court ruling in principle Military government may make permanent changes

The Judea and Samaria Military Government is permitted to implement operations leading to permanent changes in the area provided that they benefit the local inhabitants and that area's institutions are not changed substantively.

The High Court of Justice handed down this ruling in principle yesterday in rejecting an application from the Judea and Samaria Arab teachers' association to prevent the laying of a road network. The appellants alleged that the road network was being laid for Israeli purposes and not for the benefit of the local Arabs.

The court ruled that the military government, although temporary, is authorized to implement long-term projects for the good of the population.

But the court criticized the authorities for not mentioning the military importance of the roads, as they had in a similar High Court case in 1981.

The case arose from the wish of the teachers' association to build a housing project for its members on a 60-dunam plot bought for the purpose near the Atarot industrial area in Jerusalem. They received permission from a lower planning committee. The higher planning council for Judea and Samaria, however, rejected the project on the grounds that it involved placing a residential neighbourhood near an industrial zone, and that a fast road, involving the expropriation of some of the land, was being planned.

The appellants had originally asked the High Court to quash the decision of the higher planning body, but the High Court upheld the latter's right to refuse permission.

The association then applied to the High Court to cancel the road programme, which was based on a link-up with roads inside Israel, contending that the plans were for Israel's benefit — not for the benefit of the area's inhabitants.

The state argued that the number of private vehicles in Judea and Samaria has risen from 5,000 in 1970 to 30,000 in 1983, necessitating wide, modern roads.

Accepting the state's arguments, Justice Aharon Barak expressed amazement that no mention was made of the military need for the road network, which was obvious. However, he said, this did not mean that the roads were not needed by the area's inhabitants.

Barak said he understood the feelings of the association's members, who were losing their land; but the decision was legal and their interests should not be considered above those of the other inhabitants. The members of the association would be compensated for the loss of their land, (Itim)

Agreement with Jemayel 'impossible,' says Jumblatt

Post Middle East Affairs Reporter and agencies

Hopes for an early resumption of the stalled Lebanese national-reconciliation talks faded further yesterday, when opposition Druse leader Walid Jumblatt said in Damascus that agreement with President Amin Jemayel's administration and the Christian Phalange party in Lebanon "has become impossible."

The Syrian-backed Druse leader accused the Lebanese Army of siding with the Phalange-dominated Lebanese Forces Christian militia in violating the cease-fire in Lebanon by firing on Druse and Moslem areas in southern Beirut and the Shouf Mountains.

"Any agreement with Amin Jemayel and the Phalangists has become impossible," Jumblatt told a news conference. "I have no hopes left in continuing the dialogue with the Lebanese administration."

Jumblatt's remarks would appear to have further dashed hopes for a resumption of the reconciliation talks, suspended in Geneva two months ago to enable Jemayel to find some way around Syria's objection to last May's Lebanese-Israeli agreement.

Jemayel has since visited several Arab and Western capitals, including Washington, with no sign of any progress on the question of the pact.

A meeting in Damascus earlier this month between the Lebanese, Syrian and Saudi foreign ministers on ways of resuming the conference appears to have been inconclusive. It ended with the three ministers agreeing to meet in Saudi Arabia early next month to review the situation.

In previous statements after the September 26 cease-fire halted the latest civil-war eruption in the Shouf Mountains and Beirut's Shi'ite suburbs, Jumblatt had set the end of November, and then the end of this year, as the deadline for reconciliation.

He called yesterday's conference in Damascus to protest against a Lebanese Army offensive in mostly Moslem West Beirut over the weekend to flush out Shi'ite militiamen from areas abutting the Sabra and Shatila Palestinian refugee camps.

Police said the three-day fighting left 60 persons dead, most of them civilians and militiamen. The government said troops rounded up 62 Palestinians and other foreigners in the camps during the operation.

Moda'i assures Hofi of his support

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Energy Minister Yitzhak Moda'i yesterday told Electric Corporation (IEC) general manager Yitzhak Hofi that he wishes him to continue in his post, the ministry spokesman announced.

When Hofi became aware of Moda'i's intention to fire former IEC board chairman David Hagoel, Hofi was concerned that he was next in line for sacking.

Hagoel was forced to resign at a board meeting Monday night. The board will meet again today to elect a new chairman. Tel Aviv accountant Amos Prushan is thought to be the favourite candidate. He will be the fifth chairman in the last four years. (See Knesset report, p.3)

2 get death sentence for killing soldier

LOD. — Two terrorists were sentenced to death on Tuesday by the military court here after the court found them guilty of murdering an Israeli soldier.

The two, both Israeli Arabs, aged 29, are from Ara village in the Triangle. (Capital punishment in past similar cases has been commuted to life imprisonment.)

Tel Aviv theatre to stage 'Golda'

By MICHAEL YUDELMAN

TEL AVIV. — The musical *Golda* will be staged by the Beit Ariela theatre, Tel Aviv Mayor Shlomo Lahat decided yesterday, cancelling an earlier decision to postpone presentation of the play due to "budgetary difficulties."

The play, written by Knesset Member Yossi Sarid and journalist Amnon Dankner, reportedly takes a very critical line on the career of the late Golda Meir. It was "frozen" two weeks ago by the director of the city's culture department, Yosef Kiosso, after rehearsals for the play had begun.

Kiosso said that the city could not finance *Golda*, but would continue to finance Moshe Shamir's *Yehudit*, another play being rehearsed by the theatre. The city had allotted sums for both these plays a year ago, at the initiative of theatre critics Shosh Avigal and Amir Orian.

Lahat had not known that Kiosso decided to cancel *Golda*, it was learned yesterday. At a meeting with Avigal, Orian, Kiosso, municipal executive member Yitzhak Artzi and Deputy Mayor Nathan Wolloch, Lahat yesterday instructed all those involved in the play to continue rehearsals. Lahat promised to find the \$200,000 needed to complete the play.

General strike shuts Eilat, 5,000 march in street

Post Reporters and Itim

EILAT. — Five thousand local residents demonstrated yesterday morning against the closure of the Timna Copper Works and the city's difficult economic situation, and a general strike paralyzed Eilat for most of the day.

At a meeting in Ashdod, the heads of the country's labour councils announced that in any town where unemployment threatens, the labour council will follow the example of Eilat and Yeroham. (The latter had a one-day strike last week.)

In Eilat, a violent incident was avoided when police Nitzav Mishne Haim Elbaldes decided not to use force to remove hundreds of demonstrators who lay on the road in order to prevent buses from leaving the local Egged station. The station remained closed. During the morning march through the city streets, slogans from the 1950s, such as "bread and jobs," "We're not a police state" and "Get the police out of here" were heard again and again.

The hero of the mass rally that followed the march was Yisrael Sela, a Timna worker who was badly beaten by police during a demonstration on Monday at the entrance to the copperworks. Sela appeared on stage with his head and hands bandaged.

In his speech at the rally, Histadrut central committee member Gideon Ben-Israel sharply attacked the government, asking how it could spend \$700 million on houses and development in Judea and Samaria, but could spend \$5m. to keep Timna open.

Linora Moriel reports: Many realized that the Timna mines are losing money, but that alternative jobs must be for the 180 men soon to be laid off. Otherwise, the men and families will leave the city. At most young people leave Eilat for military service, for lack of government housing and employment.



Senator Daniel Inouye meeting Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir yesterday.

Senator: U.S. response to Cairo talks a mistake

Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Senator Daniel Inouye (Democrat — Hawaii) added his voice yesterday to those of other leading U.S. legislators critical of Washington's welcome for the Arafat-Mubarak meeting last week.

The visiting Senator told Premier Yitzhak Shamir, according to Israeli sources, that he felt Washington's response had been, "a mistake."

The sources said the meeting between Shamir and the Senator had been "very friendly" with Inouye supporting Israeli positions regarding Lebanon and endorsing the need for "firmness" there.

Labour Party sources, however, said Inouye seemed to feel American public opinion was rapidly becoming insistent that the U.S. Marines in Beirut be brought home.

Inouye met with former premier Yitzhak Rabin and lunch with Labour Chairman Shimon Peres.

FURORE

(Continued from Page One)

Uzan, are expected to complain that the burden on high-income groups is far too small, compared to that of wage earners.

The plans for a freeze on large projects is expected to arouse the opposition of those ministries affected, especially the Health, Energy and Transport Ministries.

Transport Minister Haim Corfu said yesterday that, in his opinion, there is no room to declare a complete freeze on road construction. He added that the Ayalon project should be speeded up, not delayed.

Agudat Yisrael MK Shlomo Lorincz, chairman of the Knesset Finance Committee, said yesterday that in the coming months the committee would approve only part of the price hikes in electricity and postal services requested by the government, since the burden imposed on the public during recent weeks is already too heavy.

During the coming budget debate, Cohen-Orad is likely to stress that the country's balance-of-payments situation forces him to propose a \$100 billion cut in the budget, including a 10 per cent trim in the defence establishment's local expenditures.

The minister is also expected to say that it is impossible to continue the high level of welfare payments.

Classes must go on, even if no substitute teachers

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Parents should send their children to school even when the principal cancels the class, because such a cancellation is a breach of regulations. Education and Culture Ministry Director-General Eliezer Shmueli said yesterday.

The *Jerusalem Post* asked Shmueli what parents should do if their children are sent home because of the Ministry's refusal to pay for a substitute teacher until the fourth day of a regular teacher's absence.

The Ministry yesterday was referring parents of children dismissed from school to the ministry's legal advisor, Arye Brick.

Shmueli is to meet with Finance Minister Yigal Cohen-Orad this morning to get his agreement to a compromise proposal on the substitute-teacher issue. This would permit principals who cannot train volunteers from training colleges or women's to request permission from the superintendent to hire a part-time teacher from the first day of a teacher's illness.

Asked yesterday if a proposal would not effectively away with the proposed IS cut, Shmueli said that superintendent would be at only a fixed number of substitute teachers.

The National Parents Association condemned the ministry's decision and the proposed cancellation of free secondary-school education in kindergarten and the proposed school levy, led for a demonstration by parents next week, at the Education Ministry.

SANCTIONS WORSEN

(Continued from Page One)

Ministry, whose workers got a raise earlier this year. They have stopped sending cheques to suppliers of ministry institutions, which serve 100,000 people, and have ceased performing other official duties.

The refusal of suppliers to continue deliveries without getting paid has forced dozens of day-care centres, boarding schools and homes for juvenile delinquents to close their doors this week. Ohayon said that today the residents of many homes for the aged would be put on buses and sent home.

The country's postal workers reluctantly returned to their jobs yesterday following a temporary back-to-work order issued on Tuesday night by the Jerusalem Labour Court. But it appears likely that the wage dispute will be resolved when the order expires at 4 p.m.

The court will hold another session at 10 this morning in presence of Communist Ministry representatives and officials from the State Attorney's office on the one hand, and me of the Histadrut and the work-mitties on the other.

About half of the postal workers among the lowest-paid civil servants, were at their jobs when offices and other postal service stations around the country opened. The rest filtered back the afternoon.

GHALI

(Continued from Page One)

Since Mubarak became president in 1981 relations with some Arab countries have gradually improved.

Ghali did not indicate whether the developments he spoke of would mean a complete restoration of diplomatic ties.

Ghali said Arafat's stop in Cairo had great political significance.

"The legitimate Palestinian leadership is moving in the direction of peaceful political struggle and talks and negotiations as the method to provide the Palestinians with their national rights," he said.

In his prognostications for 1984, Osama al-Baz, top political aide to Mubarak, told the weekly magazine *Al-Mussawar* he did not anticipate any "major developments" in bilateral relations with Israel in 1984.

"There may be some ups and downs but this would not affect mutually-accepted relations of peace," he said.

If Israel wishes greater war relations with Egypt, al-Baz will have to take "a confidence-building measure."

He cited among such measures unconditional withdrawal from Lebanon; acceptance of Syria and the Palestinian negotiating partners; halting construction of settlements in occupied Arab lands; and moving to resolve the Taba border by conciliation or arbitration.

CUTTING FAT. — About operations for the surgical removal of obesity have been performed at Eilat's Josephthal Hospital which accepts patients from other areas of the country.

We extend our heartfelt condolences to

Mr. Victor Stark and family

on the death of the wife and mother

CAMILLA STARK ♀

Universe Shipping (Ashdod)
Yacobi, Leon, Nico
Yacobi Moshe

We express our heartfelt sympathy and condolences to

Mr. Victor Stark and his Family

on the death of his

Wife

The Staff of the Yugoslav Trade and Shipping Agencies, Haifa

To Victor Stark

Deepest sympathy on the death of your wife

CAMILLA

Rogovin Enterprises Ltd.
and the Managers: A. Stern
N. Fern

The Director General and Staff of

The Citrus Marketing Board of Israel

offer condolences to

Victor Stark

on the death of his

Wife ♀

The Jerusalem Foundation

deeply mourns the death of

NAHUM BERNSTEIN

A wonderful person and good friend

Founder and Honorary Chairman of the Jerusalem Foundation in the United States

With deep sorrow, we announce the passing of

HARRY ZIFKIN

Toronto-Caesarea

The funeral will take place tomorrow, December 30, at 12.00 p.m., leaving from his home in Caesarea, Caesarea.

Anita and Yigal Zylberberg
David and Judy Zifkin
and Grandchildren

Our dearest

CAMILLA STARK

(née Braun)

has passed away after a prolonged illness.

The funeral will leave from the Elisha Hospital, Mt. Carmel, Haifa, on Thursday, December 29, at 12.30 p.m. for the Old Cemetery, Hof Carmel (main entrance). A bus will be available from the Elisha Hospital.

Husband: Victor Stark
Daughter: Thea Charbit
Son-in-law: Andre
Grandchildren: Thalia and Daniel
Nieces, nephews, and their children

His colleagues and the staff of the Veterinary Hospital, Ben-Gurion University offer sincere condolences to Dr. Bud Homans and his family on the loss of his mother

ZELDA

THE KNESSET/Aryeh Rubinstein

Law-enforcement proposals for areas to cabinet

Minister Moshe Nissim said yesterday that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

The investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

The investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.

He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed. He said that the investigation of the bomb attacks on the ministers of the interior, and justice has been completed.



Children and their mothers hold placards calling for subsidies in private kindergarten charges and protesting against the increased fees in kindergarten and nursery schools. The demonstration, organized by Na'amat and with participants from all over the country, took place outside the Finance Ministry in Jerusalem yesterday.

(Ruhaimi-Israeli)

Nationalism behind much Arab youth crime

CHARLES HOFFMAN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

rise in delinquency among Arab youth in recent years has been in part by nationalistic sentiment, according to the head of criminal services in the Ministry of Interior and Social Affairs, Dr. Mordechai Horowitz.

Horowitz addressed a Knesset committee headed by Alignment member Mohammed Wataha on Tuesday to discuss the increase in delinquency among Arab youth.

The committee heard testimony from members of a panel of experts and public figures appointed by the labour and social affairs minister to propose measures to deal with the problem.

Ministry figures show that 48 per cent of juvenile crimes are committed by Arabs. Horowitz noted that 10 years ago their share in these crimes was negligible.

He said that he was impressed by the magnitude of the feelings of social and political deprivation among Arab youth revealed by the panel's research.

It is imperative, Horowitz said, to set up a separate juvenile detention home for Arabs, who are now sent to prison for lack of an appropriate facility. He noted that plans have been made to build an annex for Arab youth at the detention facility for Jewish youth, but the Finance Ministry has not approved the budget.

Asked why Arab and Jewish youths could not share the same facility, he said: "This is not the type of place to start integration."

Among them was Irina Brailovskaya, whose husband, Victor, is due to complete his period in exile in March.

Benson also reported the case of Lev Blitstein, who divorced his wife, Buma, eight years ago so that she and their two children could emigrate. He was not allowed to leave the Soviet Union because the authorities said he possessed secrets.

Blitstein told Benson: "Secrets? I worked in a meat processing factory. How could I know secrets?"

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

testimony from members of a panel of experts and public figures appointed by the labour and social affairs minister to propose measures to deal with the problem.

Ministry figures show that 48 per cent of juvenile crimes are committed by Arabs. Horowitz noted that 10 years ago their share in these crimes was negligible.

He said that he was impressed by the magnitude of the feelings of social and political deprivation among Arab youth revealed by the panel's research.

It is imperative, Horowitz said, to set up a separate juvenile detention home for Arabs, who are now sent to prison for lack of an appropriate facility.

He noted that plans have been made to build an annex for Arab youth at the detention facility for Jewish youth, but the Finance Ministry has not approved the budget.

Asked why Arab and Jewish youths could not share the same facility, he said: "This is not the type of place to start integration."

Among them was Irina Brailovskaya, whose husband, Victor, is due to complete his period in exile in March.

Benson also reported the case of Lev Blitstein, who divorced his wife, Buma, eight years ago so that she and their two children could emigrate.

He was not allowed to leave the Soviet Union because the authorities said he possessed secrets.

Blitstein told Benson: "Secrets? I worked in a meat processing factory. How could I know secrets?"

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

testimony from members of a panel of experts and public figures appointed by the labour and social affairs minister to propose measures to deal with the problem.

Ministry figures show that 48 per cent of juvenile crimes are committed by Arabs. Horowitz noted that 10 years ago their share in these crimes was negligible.

He said that he was impressed by the magnitude of the feelings of social and political deprivation among Arab youth revealed by the panel's research.

It is imperative, Horowitz said, to set up a separate juvenile detention home for Arabs, who are now sent to prison for lack of an appropriate facility.

He noted that plans have been made to build an annex for Arab youth at the detention facility for Jewish youth, but the Finance Ministry has not approved the budget.

Asked why Arab and Jewish youths could not share the same facility, he said: "This is not the type of place to start integration."

Among them was Irina Brailovskaya, whose husband, Victor, is due to complete his period in exile in March.

Benson also reported the case of Lev Blitstein, who divorced his wife, Buma, eight years ago so that she and their two children could emigrate.

He was not allowed to leave the Soviet Union because the authorities said he possessed secrets.

Blitstein told Benson: "Secrets? I worked in a meat processing factory. How could I know secrets?"

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Blitstein's wife and children live in New York. His children have married and he has grandchildren whom he has never seen. "But I am happy. I saved my family. One day I know I will be with my wife again," Blitstein told Benson.

Cuts threaten planning computer

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jerusalem municipal officials are worried that government economies could prevent the implementation of a computer programme for monitoring architectural plans.

The new programme, which is about to go into operation, enables city officials, architects, contractors, land purchasers and other interested parties to ascertain the status of any piece of land in the city.

With the push of a button, a questioner can find out if a construction proposal has reached a planning-committee stage, or how large a building can be put on a particular plot.

Sources in City Hall have expressed concern that because the new system is only in the experimental stage, it will be an easy target for budget-cutting officials. Supporters of the system say that it has already proven itself to be efficient and economical.

Tami ready to pay Abuhatzzeira's hotel bill

Post Knesset Correspondent

The Tami Knesset faction said last night it would gladly pay the hotel bills that former minister Aharon Abuhatzzeira ran up at a five-star Jerusalem hotel during his three-month prison sentence for fraud. Abuhatzzeira served his sentence, which is now coming to an end, as a day prisoner.

The Tami faction was reacting to some of the indignation aired in the Knesset lobbies that Abuhatzzeira, who never set foot in the Knesset while he served his term, nevertheless charged the Knesset for nights he spent at a hotel.

A Knesset member has the right to charge the Knesset for two nights weekly during the Knesset term, and those who have committee meetings on Thursdays may charge for a third night.

Abuhatzzeira said yesterday afternoon through a spokesman that, since he continued to hold the post of Tami faction chairman, even

while he did not attend the Knesset, he had the right to stay in Jerusalem at the Knesset's expense to discharge his chairman's parliamentary duties at faction consultations outside the building.

Several versions circulated in the Knesset yesterday as to exactly when Knesset Speaker Menahem Savidor first heard of the hotel bill submitted for payment and when the Knesset legal adviser was asked to rule on the matter. The legal adviser, it appears, did not find anything in the rule or the precedents justifying a refusal to pay Abuhatzzeira's hotel bills. There are also conflicting versions as to when and whether the chairman of the House Committee was consulted.

MKs get expenses reimbursed even if they do not attend sessions. If they travel abroad on Knesset business, they get double expenses: in dollars for their expenses abroad, and their regular Israeli per diem payments in shekels.

Iran's Baha'is still being persecuted

The persecution of Baha'is in Iran continues unabated. Donald Barrett, secretary-general of the Baha'i community in Israel, told the Jerusalem Rotary Club yesterday.

The Baha'is are charged with being enemies of Islam, corrupters of the regime, collaborators with the late shah, and spies for Israel. This last charge is allegedly substantiated by the fact that the Baha'i World Centre is on Mt. Carmel in Haifa. The Iranian mullahs also denounce Baha'is for giving equal rights to women.

All such charges have resulted in mass imprisonment and death sentences. Baha'i institutions were outlawed in August, one result of which is that their marriages have been denied recognition, turning their married women legally into "prostitutes."

The Baha'i leadership has been eliminated, the community's economy strangled, its children deprived of schools and its ancient cemeteries bulldozed.

Barrett believes, however, that a worldwide outcry could avert the destruction of Iran's Baha'is, its largest religious minority.

Taxi owners refuse to pay 10 meter-adjustment fee

By AARON SITTNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Taxi owners announced yesterday that they will refuse to pay a 10 meter-adjustment fee scheduled to be levied on them by the Taximeter Association. They will rather have their meters tested every 45 to 60 days at a cost of \$20.

Association chairman Shemtov told *The Jerusalem Post*: "We were required by the port Ministry to buy these meters and expensive taxes — for almost \$900 each — we are even being charged 12 per cent of that amount for service."

If that is not enough, they want us to pay \$30 for the 90-

second tariff adjustment job. Unfortunately, that adjustment is needed every month and a half or two months, because of the skyrocketing inflation. That's just too much! So we have informed the Controller of Traffic that from next week on, we will furnish our members with their own surcharge tables."

Shemtov said that taxi fares, although they are adjusted for inflation, rise slower than the meter service and adjustment fees, which are linked to the dollar.

The Taxi Owners Association officially represents half of the country's cab operators. However, in the past when protest action has been announced by the association, all of Israel's estimated 7,000 taxi drivers have joined in.

Policemen indicted for sex offences

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Six policemen were indicted in the district court yesterday for forcing three male inmates to have oral sex with them at the Abu-Kabir lockup.

The charge sheet states that the men, who were all on the shift at the jail, forced the inmates to perform oral sexual acts a number of times in groupings. The transvestites in police custody several times in the past year.

The indictment says further that, for sexual services, the men gave the transvestites cigarettes and food. The latter agreed to have sex with

the policemen for fear of being beaten and humiliated by them, the charge sheet states.

Another Abu-Kabir officer, Rafi Roimi, is being tried on charges of taking sexual "bribes" from female prostitutes held in the jail. Roimi, who was assistant to the late Ramle Prison commander Ronnie Nitzan, recently testified at the trial of Nitzan's accused murderers that he used to give prisoners enemies at Nitzan's instructions in search of drugs.

Nitzan and Roimi were often threatened by prisoners to whom they gave names and after Nitzan's murder Roimi was transferred to Abu-Kabir for fear of being attacked as well.

Doctors want to be paid by postal order

A national committee of government hospital workers is to vote on a proposal to demand that the Health Ministry pay them with money orders instead of by depositing their wages to their accounts in commercial banks.

The proposal was first raised by workers at Bat Yam's Abarbanel Hospital earlier this week when the Health Ministry requested the national committee to adopt the proposal and to put it to a vote. The national committee decided to adopt the proposal and to put it to a vote. The national committee decided to adopt the proposal and to put it to a vote.

The national committee decided to adopt the proposal and to put it to a vote. The national committee decided to adopt the proposal and to put it to a vote.

High Court upholds closure of paper linked to terrorists

The High Court of Justice yesterday upheld a decision by the Interior Ministry to close the East Jerusalem newspaper, *A-Shir'a*. In doing so, it accepted the General Security Services' findings that the paper served as an organ of the terrorist Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, headed by George Habash.

The paper's owner, Walid Asaly, had appealed the closure. He denied that *A-Shir'a* was a PFLP organ, contending that it was "an independent, liberal newspaper featuring a wide range of opinions."

The court ruled that the closure was based not on the paper's content but on evidence, which could not be revealed, linking it to a terrorist organization.

In so ruling, the court said it was basing itself on an affidavit submitted by Defence Minister Moshe Arens saying that revealing the sources of the information would endanger state security. (Itim)

Likud gets majority in Herzliya council

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HERZLIYA. — Alignment councillor Ziona Passal has formed an independent faction and agreed to join the Likud-led coalition of Mayor Eli Landau. She reportedly got the Social Welfare portfolio.

The chairman of the local Alignment faction has written to Passal demanding that she give up her council seat. Landau has seven seats on the 17-member council and wanted to form a wall-to-wall coalition, but he was opposed by his own party.

Now, with Passal and the single National Religious Party councillor, he will have a majority.

Bomb near Nablus

NABLUS (Itim). — A petrol bomb was thrown early yesterday at the police station opposite the nearby Ascar refugee camp. It exploded harmlessly. Security forces immediately searched the area, but did not arrest anyone.

Uno!

The Car of the Year!

As roomy as a station wagon

More interior space than any other car in its class. 3 or 5 doors. Enormous rear access door, the unbelievably spacious luggage compartment, the floor of which is especially low for easy loading. Rear seat folds easily, to expand luggage compartment. Plenty of shelves and storage pockets.

A super-economical vehicle 20 km/litre at 90 kph (according to ECE regulations). Choose between the UNO 45 with the 903 cc engine (3 or 5 doors), or the UNO 55, 1116 cc engine (3 or 5 doors).

Uno 45 — this month at an introductory price

Test drive an Uno

You won't want to return the keys.

To arrange for a test drive, contact the Tel Aviv showroom, the central Jerusalem garage, or the Techno-Rechev garage in Haifa.

THE NEW ERA UNO — only a genius could have designed it

South African forces battling Angolan troops

JOHANNESBURG (AP). — South African soldiers are battling Angolan troops as well as Black nationalist guerrillas in the latest South African strike into southern Angola, both sides have confirmed.

The South African Broadcasting Corp., which reflects government policy, said yesterday the Angolans were providing sanctuary for guerrillas being sought by the South Africans instead of staying out of the way, as in the past.

"In addition, (Angolan) forces have actually begun their own strikes against isolated South African units," the SABC editorial said in a comment on the South African incursion.

Angolan President Jose Eduardo dos Santos said on Tuesday in Luanda, the capital, that South African troops were attacking his forces, not seeking out guerrillas fighting for the independence of neighbouring South West Africa (Namibia) as South Africa claimed. Dos Santos said the South

African forces were operating as much as 200 kilometres inside Angola.

Reports of clashes between Angolan and South African troops prompted the U.S. State Department to declare its concern on Tuesday and call for acceptance of South Africa's offer to withdraw from southern Angola on January 31.

Angola claims it has lost dozens killed and hundreds wounded in attacks on several towns.

South African authorities declined further comment on the military situation in southern Angola beyond Defence Force chief Gen. Constand Viljoen's remarks on Monday night. Viljoen said the action since early December had claimed the lives of five South African soldiers with one missing.

Viljoen said the operation was designed to prevent the planned infiltration into Namibia of seven companies of guerrillas.

Argentinian judge frees civilian jailed by military

BUENOS AIRES (AP). — A federal judge on Tuesday ruled that the imprisonment of civilians by Argentinian military courts was "absolutely contrary to law" and ordered the release of a man jailed since 1977. The ruling was expected to result in the freeing of 56 other prisoners.

Judge Jose Dibur ruled in the case of Benjamin Froim Taub, who was arrested on September 7, 1977, and later sentenced by a "war tribunal" to 12 years for illicit association with a subversive organization.

Dibur ruled that a military court does not have jurisdiction to judge a civilian and said it was "absolutely contrary to law to submit civilian citizens to military trials."

Fifty-six civilians convicted and

jailed by military tribunals after a March 24, 1976, coup remain jailed. Human rights lawyers told the Associated Press that they would submit in the coming days habeas corpus writs on behalf of the 56 prisoners. The lawyers said they expected Dibur's ruling would establish a precedent.

State-of-siege emergency powers used under the just-ended military dictatorship to jail thousands of suspected leftists and dissidents in the years following the coup were lifted shortly before the general elections on October 30. The last prisoners held under those powers were released on October 18.

The military regime ended with the December 10 presidential inauguration of Raul Alfonsín, leader of the Radical Party.

W. Germany revokes Flick's tax break

BONN (AP). — The Federal German government, acting in the wake of a bribery scandal that has implicated its economics minister, on Tuesday revoked a \$160 million tax break the ministry granted to the giant Flick industrial concern in the late 1970s.

A government spokesman said that Flick, the country's largest private holding company, was notified of the decision on Tuesday.

The government's move withdraws a 436-million-mark (\$160m.) controversial tax break given to Flick over its 1975

purchase of shares in the New York-based W.R. Grace chemical company.

The decision came after Bonn prosecutors announced on December 8 that they would press charges against Economics Minister Otto Lambdort and a former ranking Flick official on suspicion of bribery.

The prosecutors said Lambdort had accepted DM135,000 from Flick while his ministry was deciding on the company's request for a tax break.

Former Korean minister gets 7 years in jail

SEOUL (Reuters). — A former cabinet minister in President Chun Doo Hwan's government was yesterday found guilty of accepting bribes and sentenced to seven years in jail and fined \$102,000.

Yoon Ja Jung, a former transport minister, had pleaded not guilty to

accepting bribes worth \$110,000 in a multi-million-dollar loan scandal that embarrassed the South Korean government.

State prosecutors said he received the money while in office in return for using his influence to help a leading businessman.



Soviet Defence Minister Dmitry Ustinov (left) and Politburo member Konstantin Chernenko (right) confer yesterday at the closing session of the Supreme Soviet meeting in Moscow. Looking on are (centre) Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko and, in the back row, Politburo members Vitaly Vorotnikov (left) and Grigory Romanov. President Andropov failed to appear at the meeting, apparently because of ill health. (UPI telephoto)

Andropov misses conclusion of Supreme Soviet meeting

MOSCOW (AP). — President Yuri Andropov yesterday missed the closing session of the Supreme Soviet meeting, which received a 1984 economic plan and budget approved in the ailing leader's absence this week by the Communist Party Central Committee.

Andropov, 69, leader of the party for 13 months, has been out of public view for 132 days, missing four major party and public functions. The Kremlin insists he is not seriously ill and is fully participating in party and state affairs.

Andropov told the 300-plus member Central Committee in a written speech distributed on its opening session Monday that "temporary causes" prevented him from attending its two-day, biannual plenum.

Two alternate members of the Politburo, Mikhail Solomentsev, 70, and Vitaly Vorotnikov, 57, were promoted to voting status.

They are considered Andropov supporters and their elevation, along with two other appointments, was seen as an indication Andropov has managed to wield strong influence in the Kremlin inner circle despite his absences from last month's Revolutionary Day festivities and this week's party and government meetings.

Elizabeth Bouvia, 26, a quadriplegic who is confined to a wheelchair and has said her life has lost all its value, has been waging a court battle to legally require nurses to provide her with hygienic care and painkillers while she fasts to death.

Lawyers for Bouvia appealed to the supreme court in San Francisco, California's highest court, to stop Riverside General Hospital, where she is a patient, from force-feeding her.

The hospital began feeding her intravenously through her arm last Thursday after her weight had dropped to 41 kilograms.

In a brief ruling signed by Chief Justice Rose Bird, the court told lawyers to follow standard legal procedures and first make representations to the State Court of Appeals in San Bernardino, California.

Hospital officials want to discharge Bouvia, saying she is demoralizing the staff and costing taxpayers \$1,800 a day.

The hospital's acting chief of medicine, Dr. Habeeb Bacchus, said that since being forcibly fed Bouvia had become well enough to be discharged, but that she was refusing to go.

Witness says Galman didn't kill Aquino

MANILA (AP). — A witness who said government agents offered to take him to Philippines President Ferdinand Marcos to tell what he saw during the August 21 Benigno Aquino assassination testified yesterday that alleged assassin Rolando Galman was smiling just before soldiers shot him and thus he could not have killed Aquino.

Ramon Balang, 28, a Philippine Airlines maintenance engineer, testified before the commission investigating the opposition leader's assassination in a dramatic nighttime session at a suburban law office, where he said he had sought refuge after government agents visited his home Tuesday night.

Board chairman Corazon Agrava said she called Defence Minister Juan Ponce Enrile and obtained assurances that Balang would be protected from men, who she said were still at Balang's home a few hours before his testimony began.

"I don't think he had the opportunity to fire a shot," said Balang, referring to Galman, who he said was surrounded by soldiers at the Manila Airport tarmac at the time Aquino fell with a single shot in the back of the head. Balang said, however, he did not see who shot Aquino, Marcos's chief rival.

Balang said Galman appeared to be greeting members of the aviation security command protecting Aquino just before Galman was shot.

The government contends that Galman, allegedly a Communist agent, killed Aquino on orders of rebel superiors. The Aquino family has contended from the beginning that a soldier shot the opposition leader.

Brazilian woman, 76, dies in killer-bee attack

PALMITAL, Brazil (AP). — Thousands of African killer bees attacked a home for the elderly in this southeastern Brazilian town, killing a 76-year-old woman and injuring 22 other persons, a Roman Catholic nun said on Tuesday.

Sister Fatima Celia said the attack began suddenly and "almost immediately what seemed to be thousands of bees completely covered Mrs. Olivia Batista, who died shortly afterwards from excessive amounts of venom."

The others "are recovering and are out of danger," she said.

The attack occurred on Monday in this rural town 399 kilometres northwest of Sao Paulo.

The nun said local firemen using flamethrowers and chemical poisons killed the bees early on Tuesday.

She said the attack was the result of "a clash between the aggressive African killer bee and milder European bees that are bred near our home."

No verdicts have been announced so far in the trial of the earlier groups.

More outlawed Iranian Communists go on trial

BEIRUT (AP). — A fourth group of members of Iran's outlawed Tudeh Communist Party went on trial yesterday before a military tribunal in Tehran, IRNA, the official Iranian news agency reported.

The number of defendants was not given, but IRNA indicated they were mostly rank-and-file members of the pro-Moscow party that was disbanded last spring after the government accused its leaders of

At least 346 dead as winter rages on in U.S.

NEW YORK (AP). — A snowstorm that marooned travellers in the Rocky Mountains swept into the Midwest and deep into Texas at near-blizzard ferocity yesterday and highways were transformed into ribbons of ice in many cities across the nation.

A tornado skipping through south Alabama wrecked several homes, and almost 15 centimetres of rain at New Orleans caused some flooding as most of the nation was affected by the violent weather that has claimed at least 346 lives since December 17.

"You name it, it's happening this morning," said Bill Sammler of the National Severe Storms Forecast Centre in Kansas City, Missouri.

The weather service reported near-blizzard conditions near Pampa, Texas, where 13cm. of snow had accumulated. Snow fell across the state and temperatures were expected to sink well below freezing in

Houston and Brownsville last night for the second time in a week.

Sheets of freezing drizzle coated highways and power lines from Texas and Arkansas to New York, while heavy snow fell across much of Missouri, Illinois, Indiana and southern Wisconsin.

Rush hour was chaotic in midwestern cities such as Columbus, Ohio and Cincinnati, where icy streets caused so many accidents police were answering only emergency calls.

Seven to 13 cms of snow was common across much of Missouri and Illinois.

Officials of Florida's \$2.5-billion-a-year citrus industry said it was too early to tell how the freeze will affect the price of orange juice. But Francis Horne, manager of a farmers' market in southern Florida, said winter prices of tomatoes, cucumbers and bell peppers "are going to skyrocket."

6 die in Buffalo gas blast

BUFFALO, New York (Reuters). — Six people died in a propane gas explosion and fire in central Buffalo last night, police said.

Five of the dead were firemen and the sixth was a civilian, they said.

In the initial confusion, a police spokesman said 15 people were killed when the blast erupted at 8:30 p.m. after firemen were called to check a strong smell of propane gas.

The explosion and fire destroyed 37 houses, two blocks of flats, a church, a warehouse and several businesses.

A man 5km. away said the shock waves were so powerful where he was that he at first thought his home had exploded.

Hundreds of persons were

evacuated from their homes because natural gas service, a prime source of heating fuel, was switched off.

A nearby school was opened to provide shelter to people displaced in the sub-freezing weather. Red Cross officials were at the school to provide bedding, clothing and food to the evacuees.

Hospitals were initially hard-pressed to treat the casualties. A spokesman at Sheehan Hospital five blocks away said 61 injured persons were brought in for treatment within 90 minutes. He said many people were taken to other hospitals.

Buffalo authorities appealed to surrounding communities for extra police to help keep crowds away and prevent looting.

Anti-U.S. rally marks 4 years of Soviet rule in Afghanistan

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan (AP). — The end of four years of the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan was marked this week by an anti-American demonstration in Kabul, the nation's capital, Western diplomats said here yesterday.

Sources said an estimated 20,000 supporters of the Soviet-installed Babrak Karmel regime, looking "glum and unenthusiastic" because of being forced to walk in severe cold, marched past the American

Embassy on Christmas Day. They chanted slogans against the American involvement in Grenada and Central America.

Afghan officials recently admitted to visiting Western journalists in Kabul that there are 500 political prisoners jailed throughout Afghanistan, a Western diplomatic report said yesterday. The report also disclosed that Soviet officials told the Moscow-based journalists that there are 600 Russian political advisers living in Afghanistan.

Chinese premier to U.S. in January

PEKING (AP). — Chinese Prime Minister Zhao Ziyang will visit the U.S. from January 10 to 16 and Canada from January 17 to 23, the Foreign Ministry announced yesterday.

The visit by Zhao, and President Ronald Reagan's planned visit to China in April, were announced on September 28 by Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger when he was in Peking, but the dates had not been disclosed previously.

Zhao's party is expected to make

a refuelling stop in Honolulu, and he will visit San Francisco, Washington and New York, Chinese officials have said.

The Zhao-Reagan exchange will be the first reciprocal visits by the heads of the two governments since the U.S. established diplomatic relations with the People's Republic of China in January 1979.

The last serving U.S. president to come here was Gerald Ford in April 1976.

Seoul improves ties with Moscow

SEOUL (AP). — In a move to improve relations strained since the downing of a Korean airliner by Soviet jet fighters, South Korea will resume limited contacts with the Soviet Union next year, foreign ministry officials said yesterday.

The officials, who asked to remain anonymous, acknowledged that some problems involving compensation for the Korean Air Lines jet have yet to be solved. But one ranking ministry official told reporters yesterday that such non-political exchanges with the Soviet Union will be resumed on a "gradual basis."

South Korea, which has no diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union, has boycotted international meetings held there since the Korean Boeing 747 was fired on by Soviet fighters on September 1. All 269 people aboard the jumbo jet died.

"There is no change in the government's basic policy of improving relations with the Soviet Union," the ministry official noted. "It is desirable for Seoul to deal with non-political exchanges separately from the settlement of the KAL incident aftermath."

Ministry officials, however, said the government will continue to push its demands for a Soviet apology as well as compensation.

Violence halts voting in Bangladesh elections

DACCA (Reuters). — Authorities suspended voting in at least 17 rural election centres across Bangladesh after at least 150 persons were injured in clashes between supporters of rival candidates.

Official sources said police opened fire at some centres on Tuesday to disperse crowds who beat up polling officers, snatched away ballot boxes and intimidated voters.

About a dozen persons were arrested, the sources added.

At least a dozen persons were killed and 200 injured in clashes during campaigning for the elections, police said.

Foreigners to be free of Portugal's exit levy

LISBON (AP). — Beginning New Year's Day, foreigners visiting or passing through Portugal will no longer have to pay the country's controversial exit tax.

The 1,000 escudo (\$7.50) tax, which includes a 500-escudo charge for each child leaving the country, was put into effect on October 26 by the Socialist-Social Democrat coalition government of Prime Minister Mario Soares as a means of easing the state budget deficit. All persons spending more than 72 hours in Portugal, except Portuguese living abroad, were required to pay the fee.

Portuguese tour operators joined foreign travel agencies in clamouring for an end to the tax, complaining the measure could seriously damage Portugal's booming tourist industry.

N. Cyprus opposition moves no confidence

NICOSIA (Reuters). — The main opposition party in Northern Cyprus constituent assembly has tabled a motion of no confidence in Prime Minister Nejat Konuk's interim government, official sources said today.

The motion by the Communal Liberation Party said that the government, appointed until elections are held next year, was based on an unconstitutional set up assembly.

The constituent assembly was established to replace an elected 40-member legislature following the unilateral declaration of an independent Turkish Cypriot state of Northern Cyprus on November 15.

Sports

Another win

By PAUL KOHN
Post Sports Reporter

Israel moved yesterday to the top of the table in the Five Nations Junior Youth Soccer Tournament by means of a 3-0 victory over Sweden before 3,000 spectators at Jaffa. In yesterday's other game Greece won their opening match against Rumania, 2-1, in Yavne.

Sweden had the edge over Israel in class and speed in goalkeepers' first half, but bad mistakes by their strikers wasted several chances.

During the interval Israeli coach Shmuel Perlman read his team riot act, telling them in no uncertain terms that he wanted teamwork instead of individualism. This dressing-down had the desired effect, and after the break, Israeli finishing was far sharper than that of the Swedes. Eli Laza Yehud, Alon Hazan of Ashdod, Avner Sasson of Betar Jerusalem found the Swedish net.

The next game in the tourney is on Saturday. There will be no first or league matches on Saturday. Sports writers' expertise about the third division of the English league.

Crucial game

By DON GOULD
Post Basketball Reporter

Maccabi Ramat Gan has lost Carrera Verrass of Italy tonight 8:30 at the Ussishkin Stadium Korac Cup quarter-final match is important to both teams.

The Ramat Ganians got off strong start in Korac Cup play, they trimmed Crystal Palace in December and will be anxious to gain another home court victory. Carrera Verrass, on the other hand, lost their opening game Antes and will be looking to get the winning track tonight.

The Italian team, currently in second place in the second league, have plenty of size and are considered to be one of the rebounding teams in the Italian leagues.

Roscoe Ponder, 198, the older brother of the famous basketball player (who played for Hapoel Ramat Gan) is not only capable of sweeping the basket in a fine shooter. He is third best Italian League. Another American, 208 Allen, gives Carrera the upstart size to an difficult under the boards for his team's attack.

Ramat Gan's firm centre, Carl Ames and budding forward Giv Corneille, 22, going to have their hands full trying to get Carrera's big man. Amir Blum, 204, who is a big man, is out of action with a young Mr. Reichle, 203, is also in may not be available.

Dovon Gamache and Uri Ben Ari, M Ramat Gan's high scoring duo, are expected to lead for today's action. In other basketball action, Hapoel Gan won their opening round game 96-82. Le Mans in the Dutch Christmas Tournament, Netherlands, on Gova with 30 led all scores in Hapoel Ramat Gan set from start to finish.

Tonight, Maccabi Tel Aviv opens the Palace Tournament, facing Yehudon. Netherlands at 10:00 p.m. Israel time. Kadmon injured by his in Maccabi's last at Yehudon on Tuesday night probably won't see much action. Of Maccabi are ready to go.

Cash and carry

MELBOURNE (Reuters). — Cash crushed Sweden's Jack Nyström 6-4, 6-1, 6-1 yesterday clinch the 1983 Davis Tennis for Australia.

Cash, 18, took 99 minutes demolish his 20-year-old oppo and to give Australia an unbeaten 3-1 lead in the series — and the for the first time since 1977.

"It's the greatest thrill of my life," Cash afterwards.

Cash, the spilt best of Australian tennis, not only for his midget stature on court, but also for his racket-driving practice sessions that nearly cost him his job. It was with considerable hesitation that he was named to the team.

This was Fraser's third success as captain guided Australia to victory in 1973 and 1974.

"This is my biggest thrill, though," Cash afterwards. "We won without a player in the top 30 in the world."

In the "dead" last match, Mats Wilander beat John Fitzgerald 6-4, 6-0, 6-1, in a reduced to three sets instead of five.

The Master

MADRAS (AP). — Sunil Gavaskar known as "The Little Master" broke a world record in the final Test match between India and the West Indies, by bringing in 30 Test centuries to 30, beating Sir Donald Bradman's record of 29. This is the second world record he set this season earlier he became the highest getter in the history of Tests.

His 149 not out took India to 262 for its fourth day, in reply to the West Indies' 315.

Madras, magnificent 173 and 174, supported by a support by Kim Hughes, enabled the Australians to 379 for 6 at the end of the third day of the Test. Pakistan were 470 all out. Abdul Qadir Hafiz have each taken three wickets.

NBA action

SAN DIEGO 110, Houston 95; Milwaukee 104; Washington 116, New York 106; Detroit 140, Portland 100; Atlanta 109; Boston 115, San Antonio 102; Chicago 102, New York 96; Philadelphia 109; City 109; Utah 111, Golden State 108; Los Angeles 118, Denver 116.

Ice hockey

EDMONTON, Canada (AP). — The Oilers scored three consecutive goals — two by Shlomo Yashukov — without a serious third-period Canada to open a 10-game exhibition series with a 4-3 victory Wednesday.

Jerusalem Post BOOKS Clearance Sale

Judaism in Stone
Hebrew Illuminated Manuscripts
The Hollow Peace
Wanderings by Chaim Potok
Hassidic Wit and Humour
Economic History of the Jews
Underground Jerusalem
Reagan the Man — The President
Coins of the Land of Israel
Israeli Artists' Golden Year Book
Roses and Thorns
Chronicles
Israel by Israelis
Voices in the Ark
Abdul Hamid's Palestine
Guide Books
Archaeology in the Land of the Bible
Saga of a Siege
Cookbooks
Reprints of Ancient Maps
Popular Judaica Library
Dry Bones Books and Posters
and many many more

The Jerusalem Post Books Dept. is selling at slashed prices hundreds of slightly damaged editions from its stock. Tremendous bargains, excellent selection.

The sale will be held tomorrow FRIDAY, 9 a.m. to 2 p.m., and SATURDAY, 6 p.m. to 9 p.m. The Jerusalem Post, Rehov Yirmeyahu, Romema, Jerusalem.

THE JERUSALEM POST

Recommended by dozens of our clients who did it:
The comprehensive tour of

South Africa

An unforgettable, 4-week tour through the big cities, the nature reserves, etc.

Half-board, small groups.

Next departure: March 13, 1984

(the best season for a tour).

Special payment conditions for bookings

made prior to January 15, 1984.

Information and bookings

GRAND TOURS Ltd.

Tel Aviv, 18 King George St.
Tel. 03-291813, 291474

or through your travel agent.
Subsequent departures: 21.8.84; 23.10.84.

سكرا في الأهل



Occupation—housewife

by Weill hears a talk on women who work in the home.

When I have to write 'Occupation: wife' on a form, I realize that am, a middle-aged woman with university education, and I've never anything out of my life.

I... you are an expert in a dozen: business manager, cook, chauffeur, dressmaker, interior decorator, accountant, caterer, private secretary — or just a thorn in the side of your husband. All your life you have given away your skills, talents, and energy, for love.

This vicarious living, sighs the wife, "through others."

FESSOR Amia Lieblich of New University's Psychology Department chose these extracts from Betty Friedan's catalytic 'The Feminine Mystique' to preface the Women's Symposium recently on "The Housewife."

As Dr. Mira Ofra of the university's Programme of Sex Differences in Society pointed out, the frustrated woman quoted above was suffering from what is known as housewives' syndrome. Before this malaise was analysed by the speakers at the symposium, held at Jerusalem's Van Leer Institute, a short film made for Israel TV was screened.

A traditional Sephardi mother of three was shown, breathlessly describing her average day as, constantly accompanied by her youngest child, she tirelessly made beds, washed floors, hung laundry, shopped, prepared meals, supervised homework and played games with the older kids in lieu of an afternoon nap. "No," her middle son said proudly, "my mother doesn't work."

The household chores were visually compared with industrial tasks requiring the same skill and effort; they were also evaluated for their "market value." Ironing compared reasonably with rinsing printing plates; grating apples was no less arduous than welding a factory grater — yet the manager of the factory, when asked, shook his head and declared that women could not possibly do such work.

After the film, Prof. Reuven Gronau, an economist, went on to assess the monetary value of work done at home, and provided American and Israeli statistics comparing hours spent on work in and outside the home, with reference to married or unmarried males and females. He compared the amount of free time enjoyed by women who are employed full- or part-time, ac-

ording to their level of education, salary and number of children. The higher the woman's salary, the less free time she is likely to enjoy. Gronau also noted that when it comes to children who do not suffer because their mothers work, Israeli youngsters top the list.

Dr. Ofra presented an interesting theory about housewives' syndrome. Even if every aspect of the housewife's life is satisfactory, she will generally feel frustrated, even embittered. A contributing factor here is non-payment for work. In addition, it seems that "self-fulfillment" is rarely felt, even among professionals — male or female — and certainly not among the average salaried worker.

Clearly, personal satisfaction depends on something more. This, according to Ofra, is the basic human need to belong to more than one circle or framework. Thus, the successful career person needs a supportive family situation just as much as the homemaker needs a recognized, outside interest or occupation. This does not have to be a job — it can be a creative hobby, or a regular commitment, such as to a sport. What is important for the woman's equilibrium is that each "circle" appreciates and respects the value of the other, as well as her legitimate place or role in it.

The audience at the symposium was composed of professional women, some with, some without jobs; a few men were also present.

A lawyer, describing herself as a divorce specialist, drew applause as she outlined her battle to overcome legal and financial problems resulting from a prevailing lack of social benefits, and social and other problems experienced by the housewife after her marriage breaks up. In this case, it is often the husband who receives the social security, pension payments and other accumulated benefits that have accrued. At 50, an ex-wife can find herself with "half a car, half an apartment and grown-up children for whom alimony is not payable."

The last speaker, a doctor's wife, said she was a housewife. She made an appeal that the problem of home-makers be taken seriously — particularly since more and more women are likely to find themselves at home as the present labour market shrinks.



Two by Hani E. Mourad: a three-piece town and country ensemble (left) in mixed proportions; (right) an elegant study in black and white, with free-falling lapels.



Bridging the couture gap

Greer Fay Cashman

WITHOUT ITS Arab labour force, Israel's fashion and textile industry would crumble into insignificance. With so many Arabs employed in this area of fashion, it was clear that sooner or later they would aspire to something more creative than cutting, serving pressing and so on.

The appearance of Israel's first Arab designer, Hani E. Mourad, took perhaps longer than it should have. The Jerusalem-based graduate of a Parisian fashion school has been doing his own thing for the past five years and has slowly but surely come to the attention

of the public.

Mourad's popularity was evident at the recent showing of his winter '83/84 collection, which attracted more than 300 Arab and Jewish spectators, many of whom are regular clients.

Mourad has a lot of potential, but he still has to bridge some gaps. The French couture influence in his designs is unmistakable — both in buoyant, sporty lines and in elegant, classic suits. The concepts are clear

but the cut is not always what it should be, especially the armholes, which appear to be uncomfortably and disproportionately tight in relation to the fluidity of the garment as a whole.

In general, however, Mourad is moving in the right direction and will, in all probability, become a fashion headliner. His ETC boutique, opposite the Damascus Gate, supplies some of his creations to clothing stores in West Jerusalem, and he has plans to export.

Hani Mourad is a designer worth watching.

Israeli fashion, TV style

FROM THE perspective of the observer and the consumer, the rag trade is a glamour business. All of us are, to some degree, captivated by clothes. They help us to express our personalities, to fantasize, to make the right impression and, at the couture level, to advertise our status. But behind the spotlights of the runways and the contrived elegance of wholesale showrooms, fashion is a tough racket.

In filming its fascinating documentary, to be aired on Saturday, January 7, the Arabic department of Israel Television has penetrated the superficial facade of razzle-dazzle fashion shows, taking its cameras behind the scenes for an in-depth look at the industry. The result is a film in which interviews with designers, models, fashion students, manufacturers, factory workers, and representatives of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce and the Israel Export Institute are punctuated with footage of mannequins parading in everything from mail-lots to mink.

Producer-director Sergio Michael didn't set out to do a propaganda project, although the film is undeniably as much a good public relations job as it is a documentary. What Michael wanted to do was to make a contribution to history. Hence, he has given a key to future historians to unlock a door to the past and to reach an understanding of the quality of life in Israel, circa 1983.

The film is not without its flaws. According to photographer Yehiel Cohen, the colour is faulty. With

the exception of a small clip on infants' wear, everything is geared to women. It would appear that Israel has nothing to offer to the male of the species, other than something on which to feast his eyes. There are numerous shots of Arab factory hands, but Hani E. Mourad, so far the only Arab designer in this country of high fashion, is completely ignored. This would be considered an oversight on the part of the Hebrew language department; but for the Arabic department, it is a sin of omission.

Michael defends himself by saying that Mourad is not yet part of the mainstream of Israel's fashion industry. He concedes that he erred in excluding male apparel, but adds that no documentary can show absolutely everything.

Important comments are made in the film by queens of the catwalk Tammy Ben Ami, Karin Donsky, Pinchi Mor and Hanita Zenter, who talk about their profession in serious terms. The models see themselves not so much as human clothes horses, but more as women who have been endowed by nature to give a garment much more than hanger appeal.

Learning the A-to-Z of fashion takes at least four years. That's the length of the programme at Shenkar College, where students are taught all there is to know about fabrics, style and commercial values. Two semesters are spent getting practical experience in the industry itself, and exceptional students are sent abroad to gain inspiration. Some of the students, talented but still un-

known, display their abilities on film.

In his film, Michael doesn't confine himself to clothing alone. As the most beautiful dress is ineffective without the right accessories, make-up and hair-do, the camera zooms in to accentuate the importance of head-to-toe glamour — how each individual aspect complements the whole.

The viewer is also made privy to how Israeli fashion manufacturers run their businesses, the extent to which they invest in advanced technology, the problems they have with foreign buyers, and the welfare programmes they set up for their workers. Here there is a slight credibility gap, because we don't see the sweat shops, which number far more than the modern plants caught in the lens of the camera. It's all just a little too rosy — but then that's the film's selling point, if any government agency can find a budget to use it as a promotional tool abroad.

In its current version, the film's narration is in Arabic with Hebrew subtitles. Interviews are in both Hebrew and Arabic, but the film can be doctored with narrations in any number of other languages. Imperfections aside, the film is well edited (by Anna Finkelstein), and provides an interesting insight into an industry which, despite falling exports, continues to earn many millions of dollars in foreign revenues.

G.F.C.

Today is edited by Joanna Yehiel.

to basic rights for housewives

Housewife is perhaps the last of the population to be basic rights. Domestic workers, when insured as the law requires, enjoyed the security of accident and disability insurance, as is old age pensions, for some. Yet housewives who perform same tasks received until recently nothing, and even today partly covered.

Meagre rights that have been won were accomplished through entreaty and lobbying on the part of organizations such as the National Council for Women. Says Tamar Shachar, president of that organization's division on the status of women: "We sent all the women of Israel, wherever they are gainfully employed outside their homes or if work as housewives."

Amat leaders insist that non-working wives of Histadrut members have the right to pay dues in union elections for the

Leah Abramowitz

national convention, local labour councils or by Na'amat referendum, even if they are not employed workers.

Housewives can also now become members of the Histadrut health fund, independently of their husbands. Unmarried housewives too have been granted this right. The needs of such women, bringing up children as a single parent, have been recognized by women's organizations.

Through their intervention single mothers are now receiving concessions in taxes, additional privileges for subsidized government housing and preference in placements at day-care centres.

This is all the more significant, considering that there are usually three applicants for every opening at a day-care centre.

Haviva Avigal, the legal adviser of Na'amat, admits: "We still have a long way to go." Through the National Insurance Institute, housewives, when they reach the age of 60, receive only 50 per cent of the old age pension. If they, for instance, fall from a ladder while hanging curtains, or acquire disabling burns while cooking they are eligible to only 25 per cent of the average national salary for 90 days.

After 90 days, if they are still unable to fulfill their household duties, they can claim disability payments as employed workers, a right attained five years ago for housewives. In certain cases housewives can now receive domestic help to assist them in the home and in caring for their children when handicapped.

Avigal is proud of what has been achieved. She has been fighting for women's rights in her capacity as legal adviser for 17 years. Her office

began as a counselling service for bereaved families of fallen soldiers in coordination with the Ministry of Defence. Then she became involved in the personal status of women, including the rights of housewives.

NA'AMAT now operates five district offices for the advancement of women's rights. They give free legal and social advice, on divorce, child abuse, maintenance payments, legal claims and employment.

The educational aspect is stressed so that women will want to improve their lot. Courses are given on the status of women, especially in the neighbourhoods designated "underprivileged." Classes in assertiveness are held to improve women's self-image and to encourage non-working women to join the labour force.

In the summer the women's organizations conduct summer camps for the mothers of large families. The bulk of the participants in these programmes are housewives. Shelters for battered wives are another service provided of late.

All these services, designed to improve women's self-image and standing in society are only stepping stones along to equal rights for housewives. Unorganized, without political clout or the power of strikes, the non-working women are at a disadvantage. Now the women's organizations are coming to their aid.

Changing family

organization: Dr. Rivka Danzig, social worker and family therapist; Rabbi Avraham Feder; and marriage counsellor Leonard Finn. Mitzvah president Pina Peli will

serve as moderator. Refreshments will be served.

Mitzvah was founded several years ago by a group of people committed to upholding the observance of Jewish law regarding marriage and divorce, and to improving the bureaucratic and legal processes in these cases.

EVAH, the League for Family, will be holding its annual Yom Tuesday, Jan. 3 at the Mill Hotel on Mendele St. in Tel Aviv.

Topic of discussion at the will be "The Family in Transition." Panelists will include Sylvia Leibman, the founder of the

The Sharon gives you at least 3 ways to start off 1984!

FORMAL at the SASSON ROOM

highlighted by:

- * Festive 5 course dinner with wine
- * Performance by entertainer **Meni Peer**
- * Dancing to the tunes of the **MOITI SCHWARTZ BAND**, with vocalist **HAYA COHEN**
- * Midnight champagne and all the trimmings
- * \$60 per person, V.A.T. included.

INFORMAL at the Apyrion Bar, including

- * First drink
- * Dance music
- * Champagne toast
- * Goulash Soup at Midnight
- * \$25 per person, V.A.T. included

THE THIRD WAY TO WELCOME 1984?

With the Sharon sets the mood, and the "Big Brother" is not yet watching...

For table reservations, call **Haim Cohen** at **The Sharon (052) 78777**

invites All Australian Visitors in Israel

to attend **AUSTRALIANS' DAY** at **AHUZAT YELADIM** Haifa

on Tuesday, January 3, 1984, in the presence of the Ambassador of Australia, Dr. Robert Merrilees, and distinguished WIZO Leaders from Australia and Israel.

A visit to the Raya Jaglom Day Care Centre is included.

For details, call Wizo Tourist Department, 116 Hayarkon St., Tel Aviv, Tel. 232939 — 227774 between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m.

RENT A CAR

ZOHAR

FOR SERVICE AND SATISFACTION

\$7 a day

Rent a Car

Special Weekend Rate \$69 Unlimited Mileage

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| JERUSALEM | 02-243302 |
| 178 Jaffa Rd | 02-234405 |
| 18 King David St | |
| TEL AVIV | |
| 148 Hayarkon St | 03-233179 |
| | 03-247242 |
| 6 Bograshov St | 03-653559 |
| | 03-661031 |
| BNEI BRAK | |
| 102 Rabi Akiva | 03-797215 |
| | 03-700203 |
| EILAT | |
| Bel Hotel | 059-76124 |
| NETANYA | |
| 1 Ussishkin St | 053-42433 |
| HAIFA | |
| 53 Mamegim St | 04-532245 |
| TIBERIAS | |
| 1 Eilat St | 067-21592 |
| BEN GURION AIRPORT | |
| Free pick up and delivery | |

Now is the time for

Winter Holidays in Germany

95 splendid offers for relaxing holidays, wintersport and lots of fun in Bavaria, the Black Forest, the Eifel, Sauerland and the Harz Mountains. Just one example:

7 nights incl. breakfast in the Bavarian Forest from \$6.50 per day

For information, brochure and bookings please contact your travel agent or the DZT counter at the Lufthansa office, Tel Aviv, Sunday - Thursday from 0900 to 1300 hrs.

GERMAN NATIONAL TOURIST OFFICE

Represented in Israel by **Lufthansa** Tel-Aviv, 75 Hayarkon St.

Index-bonds keep moving higher

VIV. — On the eve of the last session of the calendar year, the index-bond market continued its upward march. Over the past three sessions, the bond market has seen a 180 degree turn and prices are rising in response to the institutional buyers. In the recent sessions the market has been hit by a 35 per cent loss, to 650.

Specialized financial institution issues were also lower. Shilton was "sellers only." The Federation of Contractors was 6.4 per cent lower, while Clal Leasing 0.5 declining by a full five per cent.

Insurance issues, on the other hand, enjoyed generally advancing prices. Menorah 1 was up 10 per cent, while the 5 shares were rising by 5.7 per cent. Ararat 0.1 was a 7.7 per cent winner.

The service and trade sector was slightly lower. Meir Ezra was a 7.3 per cent loser. Ya'aneh continued to decline and absorbed a 7.7 per cent loss. The option fell by 10 per cent. Nikov Computers, both the 1 and 5 shares, were ahead by more than seven per cent. Yehalom Hotels advanced by 9.9 per cent, while its option soared by 20.3 per cent.

Land development, real estate and citrus plantations issues were mostly moving to lower levels. As a result the U.S. dollar was worth more than IS107.

Mortgage bank issues were hard hit by sellers. Binyan Mortgage, the "speculators' delight," was down by 14.6 per cent. Tefahot ordinary and preferred shares were down by 10 per cent. The option was badly clobbered as it was hit by a 35 per cent loss, to 650.

Specialized financial institution issues were also lower. Shilton was "sellers only." The Federation of Contractors was 6.4 per cent lower, while Clal Leasing 0.5 declining by a full five per cent.

Insurance issues, on the other hand, enjoyed generally advancing prices. Menorah 1 was up 10 per cent, while the 5 shares were rising by 5.7 per cent. Ararat 0.1 was a 7.7 per cent winner.

The service and trade sector was slightly lower. Meir Ezra was a 7.3 per cent loser. Ya'aneh continued to decline and absorbed a 7.7 per cent loss. The option fell by 10 per cent. Nikov Computers, both the 1 and 5 shares, were ahead by more than seven per cent. Yehalom Hotels advanced by 9.9 per cent, while its option soared by 20.3 per cent.

Tel Aviv Stock Exchange

By JOSEPH MORGENTHAU

On the eve of the last session of the calendar year, the index-bond market continued its upward march. Over the past three sessions, the bond market has seen a 180 degree turn and prices are rising in response to the institutional buyers. In the recent sessions the market has been hit by a 35 per cent loss, to 650.

Specialized financial institution issues were also lower. Shilton was "sellers only." The Federation of Contractors was 6.4 per cent lower, while Clal Leasing 0.5 declining by a full five per cent.

Insurance issues, on the other hand, enjoyed generally advancing prices. Menorah 1 was up 10 per cent, while the 5 shares were rising by 5.7 per cent. Ararat 0.1 was a 7.7 per cent winner.

The service and trade sector was slightly lower. Meir Ezra was a 7.3 per cent loser. Ya'aneh continued to decline and absorbed a 7.7 per cent loss. The option fell by 10 per cent. Nikov Computers, both the 1 and 5 shares, were ahead by more than seven per cent. Yehalom Hotels advanced by 9.9 per cent, while its option soared by 20.3 per cent.

Land development, real estate and citrus plantations issues were mostly moving to lower levels. As a result the U.S. dollar was worth more than IS107.

Mortgage bank issues were hard hit by sellers. Binyan Mortgage, the "speculators' delight," was down by 14.6 per cent. Tefahot ordinary and preferred shares were down by 10 per cent. The option was badly clobbered as it was hit by a 35 per cent loss, to 650.

Specialized financial institution issues were also lower. Shilton was "sellers only." The Federation of Contractors was 6.4 per cent lower, while Clal Leasing 0.5 declining by a full five per cent.

Insurance issues, on the other hand, enjoyed generally advancing prices. Menorah 1 was up 10 per cent, while the 5 shares were rising by 5.7 per cent. Ararat 0.1 was a 7.7 per cent winner.

Oren was unchanged, but its option tumbled by more than 24 per cent. Property & Building maintained its steady price erosion as it lost 3.8 per cent. Israelim fell by 9.5 per cent. Levinstein 1 was 10.2 per cent higher, but Rogovin 1 fell by a nearly identical figure. Shen-Har was soundly trounced and fell back by 15 per cent.

Industrials, on balance, traded moderately lower. Elbit and Elron eased by less than one per cent. Alliance fell victim to profit-taking and was 9.6 per cent lower. Arit, in spite of an excellent financial report, traded unchanged. Fertilizers 0.1 and 0.5 were both ahead by about five per cent. The Lodzia shares declined by eight per cent. Moleit and Wolfman Moscovitz were both ahead by 10 per cent. Regosin Industries gave up most of Tuesday's gain as it fell by 7.4 per cent, to 112.

Investment company issues were lower. The Israel Corporation 1 shares were down by 4.1 per cent, while the 5 shares were 5.3 per cent lower. The question of who will gain control of the Israel Corporation is still unanswered. Clal Israel will doubtless have to make it clear whether it intends to go through with its deal to buy shares from the United Mizrahi Bank. In the meantime the Clal Israel shares were 10 per cent lower.

J.O.E.L. Jerusalem Exploration announced that at the Gurim 4 drilling site it encountered signs of gas and oil in a number of strata. Tests being conducted will take about two weeks.

The participants in the drilling venture include (in per cent): Naphtha 9.5, Lapidot 0.5, Delek Oil Explo. 7.5, Delek 2.5, Fedoil 2.0, Bank Leumi 1.0, Solei Bank 3.0, J.O.E.L. 25, Isramco 38.

The J.O.E.L. shares did not trade yesterday in the wake of the above announcement.

Hapoalim to consolidate large overdrafts

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Bank Hapoalim is now finalizing a plan to help clients, especially wage earners, who had unauthorized overdrafts in the October-December period, to consolidate the sums they owe. Exact details will be announced early in January.

The bank points out that during the last three months many persons ran up considerable unauthorized overdrafts, on which a high rate of interest is charged. These overdrafts, plus interest, will fall due in January.

It is planned to allow these customers to take out consolidation loans, probably repayable in six equal monthly sums. The interest on these loans will be lower than that charged for the unauthorized overdrafts.

| Company | Price | Volume | Change | % change |
|-------------------------|-------|--------|--------|----------|
| Commercial Banks | | | | |
| IDB p.1 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.2 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.3 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.4 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.5 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.6 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.7 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.8 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.9 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.10 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.11 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.12 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.13 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.14 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.15 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.16 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.17 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.18 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.19 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.20 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.21 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.22 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.23 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.24 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.25 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.26 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.27 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.28 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.29 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.30 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.31 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.32 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.33 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.34 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.35 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.36 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.37 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.38 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.39 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.40 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.41 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.42 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.43 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.44 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.45 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.46 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.47 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.48 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.49 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.50 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.51 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.52 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.53 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.54 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.55 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.56 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.57 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.58 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.59 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.60 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.61 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.62 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.63 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.64 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.65 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.66 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.67 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.68 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.69 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.70 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.71 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.72 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.73 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.74 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.75 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.76 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.77 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.78 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.79 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.80 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.81 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.82 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.83 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.84 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.85 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.86 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.87 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.88 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.89 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.90 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.91 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.92 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.93 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.94 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.95 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.96 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.97 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.98 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.99 | 3300 | — | — | — |
| IDB p.100 | 3300 | — | — | — |

| Company | Price | Volume | Change | % change |
|----------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|----------|
| Land, Real Estate, Citrus | | | | |
| Oren | 125 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Oren op 1 | 125 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria Prop. | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 1 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 2 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 3 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 4 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 5 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 6 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 7 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 8 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 9 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 10 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 11 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 12 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 13 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 14 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 15 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 16 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 17 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 18 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 19 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 20 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 21 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 22 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 23 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 24 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 25 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 26 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 27 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 28 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 29 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 30 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 31 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 32 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 33 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 34 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 35 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 36 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 37 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 38 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 39 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 40 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 41 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 42 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 43 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 44 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 45 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 46 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 47 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 48 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 49 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 50 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 51 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 52 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 53 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 54 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 55 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 56 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 57 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 58 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 59 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 60 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 61 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 62 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 63 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 64 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 65 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 66 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 67 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 68 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 69 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 70 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 71 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 72 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 73 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 74 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 75 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 76 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 77 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 78 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 79 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 80 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 81 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 82 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 83 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 84 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 85 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 86 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 87 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 88 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 89 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 90 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 91 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 92 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 93 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 94 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |
| Azoria op 95 | 140 | 200 | n.c. | — |

Ari Rath
Editor and
Managing Director

THE JERUSALEM
POST

Erwin Frenkel
Editor

Founded in 1932 by GERSHON AGRON, who was Editor until 1955. Editor 1955-1974 TED LURIE. Editor 1974-1975 LEA BEN DOR. EDITORIAL OFFICES AND ADMINISTRATION The Jerusalem Post Building, Romema, Jerusalem P.O. Box 81 (91000) Telephone 528181. Telex 26121. TEL AVIV 11 Rehov Carlebach, P.O. Box 20126 (61201) Telephone 294222. HAILFA 16 Rehov Nordau, Hader Hacarmel, P.O. Box 4810 (31047) Telephone 645444. Published daily, except Saturday, in Jerusalem, Israel by The Palestine Post Ltd. Printed by The Jerusalem Post Press in Jerusalem. Registered at the G.P.O. Copyright of all material reserved, reproduction permitted only by arrangement.

Tel Aviv 23, 5744 • Rabbi Awwal 23, 1404

The crunch comes

THE CONSTERNATION caused in government circles yesterday by the radio report that the Treasury was proposing to discontinue virtually all new settlement activity in Judea and Samaria illustrates the kind of difficulty the finance minister, Yigal Cohen-Orgad, will be facing in trying to win support for his overall austerity plan.

One reaction to the news was the expected one from the extreme right wing. Tehiya's Yuval Ne'eman, the science minister, announced that his party would bolt the coalition if settlement activity were indeed halted. But the prime minister, Yitzhak Shamir, also seemed to have been most unpleasantly surprised. Truly, the news put him in a strange position. While he still rejected President Reagan's suggestion that Israel should freeze new settlement so as to facilitate the political process, here was his own finance minister telling him that this had to be done in order to save the country's economy from bankruptcy.

The radio report was promptly denied, but the denial did not carry much conviction. To be sure, Mr. Cohen-Orgad's proposal does not amount to a decision. This will have to be taken by the cabinet which is meeting tomorrow for the start of a series of sessions on budget cuts. But the finance minister will apparently be saying to his colleagues that all activities that are not absolutely essential to the nation's security and well-being must for the moment be put off.

This general principle applies to new settlement across the Green Line as much as it applies to the Netzev Ayalon road project and the Med-Dead Canal. The standard of judgment is not political. Mr. Cohen-Orgad is a Herut hawk who is building a home for himself in a town in Samaria. He is, however, also a finance minister who can tell economic sense from economic nonsense.

His cabinet colleagues, perhaps even a majority of them, may yet disagree with him, and not only out of fear of what Tehiya might do in retaliation for a settlement freeze. But if the proposal fails, more drastic cuts will have to be made in health, education and welfare. And more new taxes will have to be levied, and currently free services, not only secondary education which is already on the block, made available only for a price.

This will meet with stiff opposition from the bulk of the citizenry, which is wage-earning but not sufficiently "needy" to escape the impact of the cuts and impositions, and whose income has already been painfully eroded by runaway inflation which could climb towards a 500 per cent level within a year. Plainly, unless the government pares its own expenditures to the bone, spiking every idea of spending that does not pass the strictest test of national necessity, it will forfeit any moral right to call on the people to make personal sacrifices for the common weal.

Bitter pill for Burg

LAST AUGUST the interior minister, Dr. Yosef Burg, appointed a committee of six experts to consider the vexing problem of summer time, also known as daylight saving time, in this country. The action did not reflect disinterested pursuit of objective truth by Dr. Burg; the minister had on numerous occasions made known his resolute opposition to summer time, mainly for religious reasons, despite overwhelming popular support for the idea.

What induced the minister to initiate the inquiry was a ruling by the High Court of Justice. The court, while rejecting a petition asking it to order the introduction of summer time, nevertheless flayed Dr. Burg for failing to make a thorough study of the issue. Dr. Burg obliged by putting the committee together.

The committee has now made known its decision. It does not come out ringingly on either side of the controversy. But by a decisive majority of five to one it recommends that summer time be tried out for the next two years, starting on Independence Day and ending on Rosh Hashana.

During this trial period there will be an examination of the effect of summer time on energy conservation, road safety, worker productivity, health and the convenience of the public. The information thus culled should form the basis of a final decision on whether or not to make summer time a regular Israeli institution. Plainly the committee did not think that such a decision could be based only on the fear that summer time might cause some people to desecrate the Sabbath by ending it early, and create hardship for workers who attend synagogue services before going to work in the morning.

The panel's recommendations leave no room for any ifs and buts. The interior minister must now start making whatever preparations are required for the introduction of summer time next Independence Day.

PLO MOVE

(Continued from Page One)

view this was not an option." Instead, the navy imposed a blockade. To underline its effectiveness, he recalled that among the prisoners released in exchange for the six soldiers captured by the Fatah were some captured at sea.

The Israeli action also forced the PLO factions to continue their fighting, Levy said. The PLO leader's insistence on receiving an escort when he finally left proved he was wary of Israel, Levy added.

Referring to the numerous attacks in the Sidon area in recent weeks, the chief of staff said that there was no proof that prisoners released from Ansar were involved in attacks on Israeli troops. However, he believed that they might be encouraging others. "We took that into account (when considering the exchange)," he said.

The IDF recently moved crack units to Sidon. That did not necessarily lead to a reduction in the number of attacks, but it might reduce their effectiveness. At-

tackers should know that the Israeli response will be "faster and more effective," he said.

Levy gave the example of a squad firing back at an attacker who threw a grenade, killing a local man. He added he was not sure that it was the attacker who had been shot, but the man killed had been on the wanted list.

"There is a feeling that hand grenades don't hit (now) and that shooting is less effective," he noted.

Turning to the question of Judea and Samaria, Levy endorsed O/C Central Command Aluf Amnon Shahak's directive to settlers to pursue stone throwers. Shahak's directive was "legitimate," he said, arguing that citizens should not stand on the sidelines when witnessing a crime. "Otherwise," said Levy, "we may reach a situation where an old woman is robbed in Tel Aviv and people will refuse to intervene. I would not like to live in such a society." However, he said, this does not mean one should shoot a stone thrower.

SUSPICIOUS AND DISTRUSTFUL of the West, the rulers of modern Syria have long and bitter memories of the colonial past that make them the toughest party the U.S. has to face in the Middle East.

Dependent as it may be on the Soviet Union, Syria is by no means a subservient client state, Western diplomats here say.

When *Al-Ba'ath*, daily newspaper of the ruling Ba'ath party, rails against "Western plots to draw the region under its control," it reflects not just propaganda but also attitudes shaped by recent history.

The secret agreement between Britain and France during World War I to divide the region into spheres of influence is still bitterly resented here.

Assad came to power 13 years ago, after years of double-dealing by all sides in the region, with frustrated ideals of Arab unity and an utter determination not to be pressured by anyone. He has stayed that way.

The Syrian team facing the Reagan Administration, which sees Syria as the main challenge in the region to Washington's Middle East policies, is virtually the same that launched with Egypt the 1973 war against Israel and greeted then president Richard Nixon in Damascus in June 1974.

Long memories of betrayal

By MICHAEL SHERIDAN/Damascus

To the Syrian leadership, the modern states of Lebanon, Syria, Iraq and Jordan are essentially artificial creations, hewn by Britain and France from the crumbling bulk of the Ottoman Empire.

The creation of Lebanon robbed Syria of its traditional ports of Beirut and Tripoli, that of modern Turkey cut off the port of Alexandretta, now Iskenderun and a major NATO base.

Syrian nationalists felt betrayed, and when independence finally came during World War II, Syria was a poor, truncated parliamentary republic dominated by the so-called "30 families" — rich, mercantile and from the major cities of Damascus, Hama, Aleppo and Homs.

After the fledgling state of Israel inflicted humiliating defeat on the

Arab armies in 1948, the Arab Ba'ath (Renaissance) Party emerged as the main opposition force in coup-ridden Syria under the slogan "unity, freedom, socialism."

For the late U.S. president Dwight D. Eisenhower, the Middle East became, in January 1957, "a battlefield between East and West." For Syria, the 1950s were years of hard but crucial choices.

BRITAIN HAD TRIED to get Syria to join the now defunct Baghdad Pact, linking the Hashemite Kingdom of Iraq and Turkey, later joined by Britain, Pakistan and Iran.

But Damascus was suspicious that the colonial powers were wanting to keep a military presence, were playing a covert hand in

Syria's first coup of 1949 and were fomenting Hashemite intrigues.

So Syria denounced the pact, and soon Soviet arms began flowing into the country. Economic aid, too, was needed. But fearing U.S. political pressure if it went to the World Bank, Syria turned to Moscow, and signed a treaty of economic cooperation.

During this time many cadets passing through the influential military academy in Homs came from small towns and villages in poor areas like the Euphrates river basin and the Alawite Mountains.

They included most of the men who today count in Syria, where the Ba'athists took power in 1963.

Assad, a former fighter pilot who joined the Ba'ath Party in 1946, as Syria achieved full independence, was air force chief in 1964, defence minister in 1966 and during the Six-Day War, prime minister in 1970 and had himself elected president the following year.

Abdel Halim Khaddam has been foreign minister since 1970, and Defence Minister Mustafa Tlas, author of a highly regarded textbook on guerrilla strategy, has continued since March 1972.

Partly to counter U.S. support for Israel, Syria signed a 15-year treaty of friendship and cooperation with the Soviet Union in 1980, ending

years of a balancing act played by Assad between East and West.

Western diplomatic sources think the Soviet Union's involvement in Syria is limited to military strategy and counts regional decision-making.

For over two decades political history of Assad's country has been a search for unity with the radical policies of Nasser.

Egypt and Syria were linked in the late 1950s, but fierce independence led to the experiment ended in 1959.

A persistent and, Syrians accurate perception in the that Damascus wants to see "Greater Syria," where Ba'athists, who predominate power, have never made significant plank of their program.

"Greater Syria" was a the *Parti Populaire Syrien* which dreamed of one stretching from the Taurus and from Cyprus to the G.

While Assad stays in power, expect a significant shift in born, patient approach. Displayed in one D. Hotel recently was an old proverb: "The future belongs to who knows how to wait."

Where the religious establishment went wrong

By ZE'EV GOLIN

ORTHODOX JUDAISM in Israel, especially the state version, has a problem: it exists in too hospitable an atmosphere. Lacking challenges to Jewish survival, and benefiting from a close "synagogue and state" relationship, it has become comfortable, closed and uninspiring.

In America, Orthodoxy is kept fresh and vigorous by challenges to Jewish survival. Its basic program could be described as "prevention, protection, and provision." Thousands of concerned rabbis and laymen fight to prevent intermarriage and assimilation; to protect the rights of religious workers and students to keep the mitzvot without jeopardizing their positions; and to provide all the services required by an observant Jew, in as many areas as possible.

Years of experience with the challenges and opportunities of American life have enabled that country's Orthodox movement to develop a great intellectual tradition, backed by impressive organizational capacity. Modern Orthodoxy's foremost educational institution, Yeshiva University, ordains rabbis equipped with an excellent secular education. Even more traditional yeshivas, such as the one in Lakewood, New Jersey, are attuned to spiritual needs in the modern world. Through its lay and rabbinical organizations and its professional divisions (e.g. the Association of Orthodox Jewish Scientists), American Orthodoxy is working effectively to raise the per-

centage and quality of observant Jews.

The traditional religious leadership and the observant Jew in Israel do not face the challenges of their American counterparts. The historic alliance between synagogue and state assures observant Jews that their basic religious requirements will be fulfilled without a tremendous outlay in money and effort. There is no need to weigh the availability of work and housing against the availability of basic Jewish services.

One, therefore, would think that a religious establishment freed from the concerns of Jewish survival would concentrate on raising the country's spiritual level. Unfortunately, this has not come to pass in Israel. The past 35 years have not brought a new golden era in religious law, philosophy or activism. What has developed instead is a massive political interest, in the hands of mediocre bureaucrats and second-rate rabbanim.

The major concern of the religious establishment seems to be political preservation, rather than spiritual uplift. The minions of the National Religious Party wage their fiercest battles to maintain their spoils in the national and local governments. Even religious regulations imposed upon the general public are not designed to make us a holier people; they are motivated by

a desire both to flex political muscle and to placate the ultra-Orthodox fringe.

AT ONE TIME, the extreme politicization of religion was understandable. The religious Zionists were struggling to prevent a leftist-secularist regime from undermining traditional Jewish identity. A kosher army, a religious-Zionist school system, protection for the observant worker and basic religious services in every settlement were desirable goals. They enabled the Orthodox Jew to join the mainstream of Israeli society. This may not have been possible if the Mizrahi and Poalei Mizrahi parties had not held the balance of political power in the early years of the state's existence.

Unfortunately, as it has grown more secure, the religious establishment has turned increasingly inward and become more reactionary. Unlike their American counterparts, many Israeli Orthodox rabbanim lack any kind of meaningful secular education. This has been demonstrated time and again by decisions and proclamations narrow and extreme beyond the call of halachic duty. The post-1967 religious school system has become a breeding ground for Gush Emunim-style fanaticism. Rabbi Shlomo Goren's intervention against the archeologists and his ef-

fective advocacy of civil disobedience in Yamit makes one wonder how much a part of the mainstream the religious establishment really is.

A strong indicator of the religious establishment's inwardness and selfishness is their reluctance to reach out to the non-Orthodox majority: their potential spiritual needs have been met with silence. Ministry of Religious Affairs funding and services flow into neighbourhoods and settlements that already have a large percentage of Orthodox inhabitants. In largely secular areas, the synagogues often makeshift, shulim too infrequent, youth activities non-existent and schools, mikvas and repositories of religious literature are not immediately at hand. Observant Jews in these places, therefore, lack the means to strengthen the example they set for their neighbours.

The religious establishment unfortunately has left outreach to the ultra-Orthodox fringe. This has resulted in many *ba'alei tshuva*, those newly returned to the faith, becoming ghettoized and violently anti-Zionist. Pro-Zionist, modern Orthodox endeavours to return Jews to Judaism do exist, but they are underpublicized few.

THERE HAS NEVER been a greater need for strong, dynamic spiritual leadership in Israel. The people are in desperate need of a *chizuk* — something to strengthen and inspire them in a time of crises. The latest cycle of war, social tension

and economic troubles have shaken the nation's faith in the old secular Zionism and the new material prosperity. The message of the written Torah cries out to be rediscovered the real heart and soul of the people.

Sadly, our religious leaders appear to be equal to the task, as part of the establishment they are part of the problem. A disillusioned can it be "spiritual leaders" with a vantage in the status quo enthusiastic can it be religious establishment indifferent to their needs?

We who call ourselves Orthodox must work for responsive religious establishment. We must fight for a fairer of religious resources outreach to the less of and for an end to petties and patronage-grab the name of *kedusha*. Must that, we must force our pe and rabbanim to speak out needs of the people in this crisis.

For the religious establishment the choice is clear. If they on their current path, it become nothing more than popular anachronism. choose a new path of open concern, the people will them as a source of strer inspiration.

The writer, an aliah, has been in Israel for three years.

READERS' LETTERS

"WEST-BANKITIS"

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — I deplore the craven attitude of all too many well-meaning but misguided Zionists who, smitten with the spreading disease of West-Bankitis which threatens the vital parts of Judea and Samaria, would willingly sacrifice yet more intrinsically Jewish land to those who have no genuine collective title to it.

The only valid argument against Israel's control of the liberated areas of Eretz Yisrael is that based on the demographic factor, largely resulting from the huge non-Jewish influx attracted since the late 19th century by Zionist revival of the homeland, and which really has no bearing on the question of historical sovereign rights. Moreover, it ignores the amputation of the major part of mandated Palestine, which was surrendered to British imperialism and transferred to alien Hashemite control to become, in effect, an Arab Palestinian state. Most Jews are not insensitive to

the feelings of those who have been cruelly misled into believing that they are entitled to still more of the Land which had long faded from the memory of all but the Jews who gave it birth, but such compassion gives them no right to betray generations of Jewish fidelity to Eretz Yisrael so soon after its painful recovery from the desolation and obscurity into which it had sunk under a succession of rapacious and improvident usurpers.

Unrequited Jewish concern for rival political ambitions, which are shamelessly exploited by feudal despots and fanatics for their own ends, may well jeopardize the hard won political freedom without which the creative Jewish spirit atrophies, starved of the means for natural expression, for the true realization of key Jewish social values requires the free society provided by a secure and viable Jewish homeland.

S. GOODMAN
West Midlands, England.

ZIONIST DREAM

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — Susan Hattis Rolet in her article "The Illusion of Controlled Terror" (The Jerusalem Post, December 7) graciously condones the plot to assassinate Hitler but refuses to be so "generous" with the assassins of Lord Moyne, because, according to her, they had "other means of struggle."

Only a person (even if a lecturer of international relations) who thinks about history in such fixed categories, devoid of human content and independent of space and time, can arrive at such priggish conclusions.

What "other means of struggle" were available? Perhaps pious articles in *The Palestine Post*? Those were times when "the weapon of the critique could not replace the critique of the weapons."

This was also the time of the Jewish revolt, without which the Yishuv would have been gradually handed over to the Arabs and the Zionist dream scuttled for a thousand years. This was a time when the nervous system of the enemy had to be undermined by every means available. This was a now or never situation from which a sensible, objective observer has to judge the deeds of the *dramatis personae*.

PINCHAS LAZAR
Haifa.

PENFRIENDS

SUSANNE NAWITZKY (24), of Polhemsgatan 29, S-112 30 Stockholm, Sweden, would like to have Israeli penfriends between the ages of 22 and 30. She collects stamps and postcards and enjoys knitting.

BRONFMAN
International Press & Books

Carina

January 84
★ YOUNG FASHIONS
★ SKIRTS — KNITS
★ CARINA NOW SPEAKS ENGLISH★

ETHIOPIAN OLIM IN SAFAD

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — The article in *The Jerusalem Post* on December 19 concerning the supposed opposition of the ultra-Orthodox community in Safad to Ethiopian Jewish aliyah conveys the mistaken impression that the Orthodox communities in our city oppose Ethiopian olim in Safad.

On the contrary — every part of Safad's Orthodox community stands ready to provide a warm welcome for the Ethiopian Jewish community in accordance with the traditions of Safad Jewish hospitality, which dates back to the 16th century. The Ethiopian Jewish community comes to Safad, already having known of Safad as one of Israel's four holy cities.

The anger in the current situation

has been caused by the Ministry of Housing, headed by David Levy, which had the audacity to promise the same building to two different olim populations in Safad: a community associated with Agudat Yisrael, and the Ethiopian Jews. Not since the British Mandate divided and played off the Jews and Arabs in Safad against each other has anyone succeeded in doing seemingly the same thing amongst different ethnic groups in this historic city — in this case, even before their arrival!

DAVID S. BEDEIN
Executive Director
Safad Community Building
and Development Foundation
Safad.

EGYPT NOW!

\$40- round trip fare
\$99- 3 nights
Cairo & the pyramids.
\$425- 8 days (7 nights).
Cairo, Luxor & Aswan
Departures from:
Jerusalem - 6.30 A.M.
Tel Aviv - 7.00 A.M.
Details at your travel agent or at
Galilee Tours
Tel Aviv, 142 Herzl St.
Tel: 220818, 230651, 225817
Jerusalem, 3 Ben Zvi St. Tel: 246888
Telex: 341331-GLIL

THE CAPITAL OF
PENTHOUSE
NO. 9
★ Collector's Edition
★ TEN EXCITING EXOTIC Penthouse Pets
Sole distributor
Steinmatzky

25-35%

\$\$\$ SALE — BARGAINS \$\$\$

Bathing Suits — Sportswear

GOTTIX — OBERSON — PAPCO — NIBA

Until the last garment is sold!!!

At TELBURY, Aterim Square, Store No. 344, Tel. 284367
Open late at night, and Saturday night.

Your contributions are music to the ears of less fortunate children



The 35th Annual
The Jerusalem Post Toy Fund — providing
toys and games for every child in a govern-
ment institution or in foster care.

Accepting Offices
Jerusalem: The Jerusalem Post Building, Romema Industrial
Tel Aviv: 11 Carlebach St.; Haifa: 16 Nordau St.; Hader
Or send by mail to The Jerusalem Post, P.O. Box 81,
Jerusalem 91000.

مكتبة الأمل